



THE  
**NEW ZEALAND GAZETTE.**

Published by Authority.

WELLINGTON, SATURDAY, JANUARY 19, 1867.

G. GREY, Governor.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by "The Marriage Act Amendment Act, 1858," it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor at any time, by proclamation in the *New Zealand Gazette*, to divide the Colony of New Zealand, for the purposes of the said Act, into such and so many districts as he may think fit, and that every such district shall be called by a distinct name, and shall be a Registrar's District; and it is provided that the Governor may at any time revoke the whole or any part of such proclamation, and issue a new proclamation dividing the Colony or any part of it, anew into districts, or increasing the number or altering the boundaries of districts, as from time to time he may think requisite.

And whereas by a proclamation duly made and issued, bearing date the twenty-second day of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, the Governor in pursuance of the said recited power and authority, did, amongst others, constitute a district in the Province of Nelson, called "The River Grey District," for the purposes of the said Act, the boundaries whereof were therein set forth.

And whereas it is expedient to revoke so much of the said proclamation as relates to the said district, and to divide anew the territory formerly comprised within such district:

Now therefore, I, Sir George Grey, the Governor of the said Colony, in pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in me by the said recited Act, do hereby revoke the said proclamation so far as relates to the said district, and do proclaim and declare that the territory formerly comprised within such district shall be and is hereby divided for the purposes of the said Act into three districts, the names and boundaries whereof shall be as follows:

COBDEN DISTRICT.

Commencing at the mouth of the Tikopihi on the sea coast, and by that stream to Mount Faraday; thence in a straight line to the junction of the Waituhu with the Thackeray River, thence in a

straight line to Mount Franklin, thence by the watershed of the Spenser Mountains to Mount Hochstetter, thence by a straight line to the saddle between the sources of the Hurunui and Teramakau Rivers, thence in a straight line to the northernmost point of Lake Brunner, thence down the Arnold River to its junction with the River Grey, thence down the River Grey to the sea coast.

GREYMOUTH DISTRICT.

Commencing at the mouth of the River Grey, thence up the southern bank of that river to its junction with the Arnold, thence up the Arnold to the northernmost point of Lake Brunner, thence in a straight line to the saddle between the sources of the Hurunui and Teramakau Rivers, thence down the River Teramakau to the sea coast.

HOKITIKA DISTRICT.

Commencing at the mouth of the River Teramakau, thence up the southern bank of that river to the saddle between the sources of the Hurunui and Teramakau Rivers, thence to the source of the Courtenay River, thence by the western boundaries of the Christchurch and Ashburton Districts respectively, and thence from the source of the Rangitata in a straight line to Abut Head.

And I do declare that this proclamation shall come into operation and take effect on the first day of February, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

Given under the hand of His Excellency Sir George Grey, Knight Commander of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, at the Government House, at Wellington, and issued under the Seal of the said Colony, this twelfth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

WILLIAM FITZHERBERT,  
 (for the Colonial Secretary.)

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

G. GREY, Governor.  
A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by "The Registration Act, 1858," it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor at any time, by proclamation in the *New Zealand Gazette*, to divide the Colony of New Zealand, for the purposes of the said Act, into such and so many districts as he may think fit, and that every such district shall be called by a distinct name, and shall be a Registrar's District; and it is provided that the Governor may at any time revoke the whole or any part of such proclamation, and issue a new proclamation dividing the Colony or any part of it, anew into districts, or increasing the number or altering the boundaries of districts, as from time to time he may think requisite:

And whereas by a proclamation duly made and issued, bearing date the twenty-second day of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, the Governor, in pursuance of the said recited power and authority, did, amongst others, constitute a district in the Province of Nelson called "The River Grey District," for the purposes of the said Act, the boundaries whereof were therein set forth.

And whereas it is expedient to revoke so much of the said proclamation as relates to the said district, and to divide anew the territory formerly comprised within such district:

Now therefore, I, Sir George Grey, the Governor of the said Colony, in pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in me by the said recited Act, do hereby revoke the said proclamation so far as relates to the said district, and do proclaim and declare that the territory formerly comprised within such district shall be and is hereby divided for the purposes of the said Act into three districts, the names and boundaries whereof shall be as follows:—

**CODDEN DISTRICT.**

Commencing at the mouth of the Tikopihi on the sea coast, and by that stream to Mount Faraday; thence in a straight line to the junction of the Waituhu with the Thackeray River, thence in a straight line to Mount Franklin, thence by the watershed of the Spenser Mountains to Mount Hochstetter, thence by a straight line to the saddle between the sources of the Hurunui and Teramakau Rivers, thence in a straight line to the northernmost point of Lake Brunner, thence down the Arnold River to its junction with the River Grey, thence down the River Grey to the sea coast.

**GREYMOUTH DISTRICT.**

Commencing at the mouth of the River Grey, thence up the southern bank of that river to its junction with the Arnold, thence up the Arnold to the northernmost point of Lake Brunner, thence in a straight line to the saddle between the sources of the Hurunui and Teramakau Rivers, thence down the River Teramakau to the sea coast.

**HOKITIKA DISTRICT.**

Commencing at the mouth of the River Teramakau, thence up the southern bank of that river to the saddle between the sources of the Hurunui and Teramakau Rivers, thence to the source of the Courtenay River, thence by the western boundaries of the Christchurch and Ashburton Districts respectively, and thence from the source of the Rangitata in a straight line to Abut Head.

And I do declare that this proclamation shall come into operation and take effect on the first day of February, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

Given under the hand of His Excellency Sir George Grey, Knight Commander of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath,

Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, at the Government House, at Wellington, and issued under the Seal of the said Colony, this twelfth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

WILLIAM FITZHERBERT,  
(for the Colonial Secretary.)  
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

G. GREY, Governor.  
A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by "The Customs Regulation Act, 1858," it is enacted that the Governor may from time to time by proclamation make provision for the examination of exported gold, not being gold coin, and respecting the mode of packing and securing the same, and may prohibit the exportation thereof, except from specified ports, and generally may regulate and restrict the export of gold other than gold coin, and further, that the Governor may from time to time regulate and restrict the carriage of gold other than gold coin coastwise, from one port of the Colony to another. And whereas by "The Gold Duty Act, 1858," provision is made for levying a duty upon gold exported from New Zealand:

Now therefore, I, Sir George Grey, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in pursuance and exercise of the power and authority so vested in me as aforesaid, do hereby proclaim and declare that no gold other than gold coin shall hereafter be shipped from any part of the said Colony, either for exportation or to be carried coastwise from one port to another in the said Colony, except gold upon which the said export duty in and by "The Gold Duty Act, 1858," aforesaid, authorized to be levied, shall have been duly levied by and paid to the Collector of Customs for the port from which the same gold shall be first shipped: Provided always that gold upon which the said duty shall have been duly levied and paid on shipment at any port of the said Colony may be landed in the said Colony and again shipped for exportation without any further payment of duty, in the same or different parcels, upon production to the Collector of Customs at the port of re-shipment of a certificate under the hand of the Collector of Customs of the port whence the said gold was originally shipped, of the due payment of the said duty upon the same or an equal amount of gold, and upon every such re-shipment, the Collector of Customs at the port of re-shipment shall cancel the certificate of payment of duty so produced to him, as aforesaid, by writing thereupon his name, the date of such cancellation, and the name of the port to which such gold is so re-shipped.

And I do declare that this proclamation shall come into operation and take effect on the first day of February, 1867.

Given under the hand of His Excellency Sir George Grey, Knight Commander of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, at the Government House, at Wellington, and issued under the Seal of the said Colony this eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

E. W. STAFFORD.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

G. GREY, Governor.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by certain conditions upon which land in the Province of Taranaki was granted to Volunteer Militiamen, it was declared that when such Volunteer Militia should be authorized by the Government to take possession of their land they would be relieved from "actual service." And whereas it appears that various officers, non-commissioned officers and privates, who were enrolled or appointed under those conditions have now been authorized to take possession of their land in the said Province:

Now therefore, I, Sir George Grey, K.C.B., the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in pursuance of the powers vested in me by "The Militia Act, 1858," do hereby dismiss from "actual service," the officers, non-commissioned officers, and privates, who have been authorized to take possession of their land, and do hereby further dismiss from actual service all officers, non-commissioned officers, and privates so enrolled or appointed, who may from time to time be authorized to take possession of their land from the time or respective times of such authorization.

Given under the hand of His Excellency Sir George Grey, Knight Commander of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, at the Government House, at Wellington, and issued under the Seal of the Colony of New Zealand, this twelfth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

J. C. RICHMOND.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

G. GREY, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this twelfth day of January, 1867.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by an Act of the General Assembly of New Zealand, intituled "The Militia Act, 1858," it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council from time to time to constitute throughout the Colony, or in any part thereof, Militia Districts, and such districts from time to time to abolish, and the boundaries thereof to vary:

Now therefore, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, in exercise of the above recited power, doth by this present Order constitute the following Militia Districts in the Province of Taranaki, to be called respectively by the names following, namely:

THE TARANAKI NORTHERN DISTRICT,

THE TARANAKI MIDDLE DISTRICT,

THE TARANAKI SOUTHERN DISTRICT,

and doth define the said Taranaki Northern District to be all the territory comprised within the following boundaries, namely:—

On the North by the northern boundary of the Province of Taranaki, on the East by the eastern boundary of the Province of Taranaki, on the South by the River Urenui from its mouth to its source, and thence by a line due East to the boundary of the said Province, and on the West by the sea.

And doth define the said Taranaki Middle District to be all the territory comprised within the following boundaries, namely:—

On the North by the southern boundary of the Taranaki Northern District as hereinbefore described, on the East by the eastern boundary of the Province of Taranaki, on the South by the Stoney River from its mouth to its source, and from the latter by a straight line running due East to the eastern boundary of the said Province, and on the West by the sea.

And doth define the said Taranaki Southern District to be all the territory comprised within the following boundaries, namely:—

On the North by the southern boundary of the Taranaki Middle District as hereinbefore described, on the East by the eastern boundary of the Province of Taranaki, on the South by the southern boundary of the said Province, and on the West by the sea.

FORSTER GORING,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

G. GREY, Governor.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it appears to me to be no longer necessary that certain portions of the Taranaki Militia should continue upon actual service:

Now therefore, I, Sir George Grey, K.C.B., Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in pursuance of the powers vested in me by "The Militia Act, 1858," do hereby dismiss from actual service the whole of the Militia resident within the Taranaki Middle District.

Given under the hand of His Excellency Sir George Grey, Knight Commander of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, at the Government House, at Wellington, and issued under the Seal of the Colony of New Zealand, this twelfth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

J. C. RICHMOND.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

G. GREY, Governor.

WHEREAS by "The Militia Acts Amendment Act, 1862," the Governor is empowered to call out the whole or any part or number of any regiment, battalion, corps, or company of militia, in any district, as he shall think fit; and it appears to me expedient to call out for training and exercise part of the Militia of the Province of Taranaki hereinafter specified:

Now therefore, I, Sir George Grey, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in pursuance of the said recited power, do hereby call out for training and exercise such portions of the Taranaki Militia as by proclamations dated this twelfth day of January, 1867, have been dismissed from actual service.

And I order Lieutenant-Colonel Maxwell Lepper, the Officer commanding the said district, to carry into effect this direction.

Given under the hand of His Excellency Sir George Grey, Knight Commander of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, at the Government House, at Wellington, this twelfth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

J. C. RICHMOND.

G. GREY, Governor.

WHEREAS it is provided by "The Militia Acts Amendment Act, 1862," that the number of days and hours for the meeting of the militia for any district for training and exercise shall be from time to time fixed by the Governor. And whereas it is deemed expedient to call out for training and exercise certain portions of the Taranaki Militia:

Now therefore, in pursuance and execution of this power and authority conferred upon me by the said recited Act, I, Sir George Grey, K.C.B., the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, do hereby fix the number of days and hours during which that portion of the Taranaki Militia which is called out for training and exercise by instrument of even date herewith shall be trained and exercised, shall be two hours per day for twelve days.

Given under the hand of His Excellency Sir George Grey, Knight Commander of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, at the Government House, at Wellington, this twelfth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

J. C. RICHMOND.

G. GREY, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, the twelfth day of January, 1867.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by "The New Zealand Settlements Act, 1863," it is enacted amongst other things that whenever the Governor in Council shall be satisfied that any Native tribe, or section of a tribe, or any considerable number thereof, has been since the first day of January, 1863, engaged in rebellion against Her Majesty's authority, it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council to declare that the district within which any land being the property or in the possession of such tribe or section, or considerable number thereof, shall be situate, shall be a district within the provisions of the said Act, and the boundaries of such district in like manner to define and vary as he shall think fit.

And whereas the Governor in Council is satisfied that certain Native tribes, and sections of Native tribes, having respectively as their property, or in their possession, lands situate within the district described in the Schedule hereunder written, have since the first day of January, 1863, been engaged in rebellion against Her Majesty's authority:

Now therefore, His Excellency the Governor, in exercise of the power vested in him by the said recited Act, doth hereby with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the Colony of New Zealand, declare that from the date hereof the district the boundaries whereof are defined and described in the Schedule to this Order, shall be a district within the provisions of "The New Zealand Settlements Act, 1863," and shall be designated by the name of "The Mohaka and Waikare District," and doth hereby reserve and take the lands within the said district, not being the property of or held under grant from the Crown, for the purposes of settlements, and doth hereby declare that such lands are required for the purposes of the said Act, and are subject to the provisions thereof, from the day of the date of this Order; and doth further declare, with the advice and

consent aforesaid, that no land of any loyal inhabitant within the said district will be retained by the Government; and further, that all rebel inhabitants of the said district who come in within a reasonable time and make submission to the Queen, will receive a sufficient quantity of land within the said district for their maintenance.

FOSTER GOBING,  
Clerk of Executive Council.

SCHEDULE.

All that land in the Province of Hawke's Bay lying within the following boundary: the sea from the mouth of the River Esk or Waiohinga, to the mouth of the River Waikare; thence the said River Waikare to a point distant nine miles in a direct line from its mouth; thence a straight line drawn north-west, true bearing, till it intersects the northern boundary of the said Province; thence the said northern boundary to its western extremity; thence the western boundary of the said Province to its intersection with the River Mohaka; thence down the said river to its intersection with the Titiokura path from Taupo to Ahuriri; thence the said Titiokura path to the said River Esk or Waiohinga; thence the said River Esk to its mouth.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Wellington, 8th January, 1867.

THE following Order of Her Majesty in Council, on the subject of Appeals from the Supreme Court of New Zealand, is republished for general information.

E. W. STAFFORD.

NEW ZEALAND.

Order in Council to make provision for direct Appeals from the Supreme Court of New Zealand to Her Majesty in Council.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 10th day of May, 1860.

Present:

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Ordinance passed by the Governor and Legislative Council of the Colony of New Zealand in the 7th year of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "Session III., No. I., An Ordinance for establishing a Supreme Court," it was enacted that there should be within the said Colony a Court of Record, called the Supreme Court of New Zealand with the powers and jurisdiction therein specified. And whereas by another Ordinance passed in the tenth year of Her Majesty's reign, and intituled "Session VII., No. III., An Ordinance to amend an Ordinance for establishing a Supreme Court, and to establish a Court of Appeal," it was enacted that the Governor and Executive Council of the said Colony shall have power to receive appeals from the said Supreme Court, and that subject to the rules therein set forth, appeals might be had from the said Court of Appeal to Her Majesty in Council; but it was provided that nothing therein contained should be construed to affect the power and authority of Her Majesty to admit an appeal to Her Majesty in Council from any judgment either of the said Supreme Court or of the Court of Appeal thereby constituted. And whereas no rules have been made by Her Majesty for admitting such appeals, and doubts have been entertained whether it is competent for a party to any proceeding before the said Supreme Court to appeal directly from a decision of the said Court to Her Majesty in Council. And whereas by an Act passed in a Session of Parliament holden in

the seventh and eighth years of Her Majesty, it was enacted that it should be competent to Her Majesty, by any Order or Orders in Council, to provide for the admission of appeals to Her Majesty in Council from any judgments, sentences, decrees, or orders of any Court of Justice within any British Colony or possession abroad, although such Court should not be a Court of Errors or Appeal within such Colony or possession, and to make provision for the instituting and prosecuting such appeals, and for carrying into effect any such decisions or sentences as Her Majesty in Council shall pronounce thereon: And whereas it is desirable that provision should be made to enable parties to appeal from the decisions of the said Supreme Court to Her Majesty in Council:

It is hereby ordered by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, that any person or persons may appeal to Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, in Her or their Privy Council, from any final judgment, decree, order, or sentence of the said Supreme Court of New Zealand, in such manner, within such time, and under and subject to such rules, regulations, and limitations as are hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, in case any such judgment, decree, order, or sentence shall be given or pronounced for or in respect of any sum or matter at issue above the amount or value of five hundred pounds sterling (£500), or in case such judgment, decree, order, or sentence shall involve directly or indirectly any claim, demand, or question to or respecting property or any civil right amounting to or of the value of five hundred pounds sterling (£500), the person or persons feeling aggrieved by any such judgment, decree, order, or sentence may, within fourteen days next after the same shall have been pronounced, made, or given, apply to the said Court by motion or petition for leave to appeal therefrom to Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, in Her or their Privy Council; and in case such leave to appeal shall be prayed by the party or parties who is or are directed to pay any such sum of money or perform any duty, the said Court shall and is hereby empowered either to direct that judgment, decree, order, or sentence appealed from shall be carried into execution, or that the execution thereof shall be suspended pending the said appeal, as to the said Court may appear to be most consistent with real and substantial justice; and in case the said Court shall direct such judgment, decree, order, or sentence to be carried into execution, the person or persons in whose favour the same shall be given, shall, before the execution thereof, enter into good and sufficient security to be approved by the said Court for the due performance of such judgments or order as Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, shall think fit to make thereupon; and in all cases security shall also be given by the party or parties appellant in a bond or mortgage, or personal recognizance, not exceeding the value of five hundred pounds sterling (£500), for the prosecution of the appeal and payment of all such costs as may be awarded by Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, or by the Judicial Committee of Her Majesty's Privy Council, to the party or parties respondent: and if such last-mentioned security shall be entered into within three months from the date of such motion or petition for leave to appeal, then, and not otherwise, the said Court shall allow the appeal, and the party or parties appellant shall be at liberty to prefer and prosecute his, her, or their appeal to Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, in Her or their Privy Council, in such manner, and under such rules as are or may be observed in appeals made to Her Majesty from Her Majesty's colonies and plantations abroad.

And it is further ordered that it shall be lawful for the said Supreme Court of New Zealand, at its discretion, on the petition of any party who considers himself aggrieved by any preliminary or interlocutory judgment, decree, order, or sentence of the said Supreme Court, to grant permission to such party to appeal against the same to Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, in Her or their Privy Council, subject to the same rules, regulations and limitations as are herein expressed respecting appeals from final judgments, decrees, orders, and sentences:

Provided also, that if in any action, suit, or other proceeding it shall so happen that no final judgment, decree, order, or sentence can be duly given in consequence of a disagreement of opinion between the Judges of the said Supreme Court, then, and in such case, the final judgment, decree, order, or sentence may be entered *pro forma* on the petition of any of the parties to the action, suit, or other proceedings, according to the opinion of the Chief Justice, or in his absence of the senior Puisne Judge of the said Supreme Court, provided that such judgment, decree, order, or sentence shall be deemed a judgment, decree, order, or sentence of the Court for the purpose of an appeal against the same, but not for any other purpose:

Provided always, and it is hereby ordered that nothing herein contained doth or shall extend, or be construed to extend, to take away, or abridge, the undoubted right and authority of Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, upon the humble petition at any time of any person or persons aggrieved by any judgment or determination of the said Court to admit his, her, or their appeal therefrom, upon such terms and upon such securities, limitations, restrictions, and regulations as Her Majesty, Her heirs or successors, shall think fit, and to reverse, correct, or vary such judgment or determination as to Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, shall seem meet.

And it is further ordered that in all cases of appeal allowed by the said Court or by Her Majesty, Her heirs or successors, the said Court shall certify and transmit to Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, in Her or their Privy Council, a true and exact copy of all evidence, proceedings, judgments, decrees, and orders, had or made in such cases appealed, so far as the same have relation to the matters of appeal, such copies to be certified under the seal of the said Court, and that the said Court shall also certify and transmit to Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, in Her or their Privy Council, a copy of the reasons given by the Judges of such Court, or by any of such Judges for or against the judgment or determination appealed against, where such reasons shall have been given in writing, and where such reasons shall have been given orally, then a statement in writing of the reasons given by the Judges of such Court, or by any of such Judges, for or against the judgment or determination appealed against.

And it is further directed and ordained that the said Court shall, in all cases of appeal to Her Majesty, Her heirs or successors, conform to and execute, or cause to be executed, such judgments and orders as Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, shall think fit to make in the premises, in such manner as any original judgment, decree, or decretal order, or other order or rule of the said Court of New Zealand should or might have been executed.

And the most Noble the Duke of Newcastle, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

W. L. BATHURST.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Wellington, 14th January, 1867.

THE following letter from Dr. Mueller, Director of the Melbourne Botanical Gardens, is published for general information.

J. RICHARDSON,  
(for the Colonial Secretary.)

Melbourne Botanical Gardens,  
25th December, 1866.

SIR GEORGE,—Aware of your Excellency's vivid interest in all that concerns the development of prosperity and industry in your fair isles, I anticipate you will be pleased to see the enclosed small sample\* of paper prepared in my phyto-chemical Laboratory from the fibre of Phormium tenax. Neither fire nor bleaching substances have been applied to it, and inasmuch as I have no proper apparatus for pressure nor have the means of working with larger quantities of material, the paper thus produced is far inferior in quality to that really obtainable from this source. In fact good writing paper may be produced from Phormium, and this will probably be the purpose for which the plant will be turned really to commercial account.

In the Intercolonial Exhibition I have now about thirty different kinds of paper from barks, foliage, grasses, sedges, &c., and all these are in vast abundance available. The paper made of the bark of the Stringybark (*Eucalyptus*) seems to be the most important.

Let me remain, dear Sir George,  
Yours very respectful,

FRED. MUELLER.

His Excellency Sir G. Grey, K.C.B., D.C.L., F.R.S.,  
Governor of New Zealand.

The percentage of tar, &c., I obtained from ten kinds of our common trees is also quite encouraging for new industries. I am now engaged in causing the tannic acid to be determined in a lot of barks; and the thirty essential oils I exhibited in 1862, have lead to a large export trade, the hypogaeous Kauri resin dissolving in *Eucalyptus* oil with facility, and it being useful for very many other purposes, and on a large scale most cheaply obtainable.

I am just concluding the fifth volume of my *Fragmenta*, and in England, at Christmas, the third volume of the *Flora Aust.* will have appeared.

\* The sample referred to is deposited in the Colonial Museum, at Wellington.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Wellington, 14th January, 1867.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

HOWARD REES, Esq.,

to be Registrar of Marriages, and of Births, Deaths, and Marriages, for the District of Oxford, in the Province of Canterbury.

The above appointment to take effect on the first day of February, 1867.

WILLIAM FITZHERBERT,  
(for the Colonial Secretary.)

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Wellington, 14th January, 1867.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be Registrars of Marriages, and of Births, Deaths, and Marriages, for the districts set opposite their names respectively, in the Province of Canterbury:—

Harry Kenrick, Esq., Greymouth.

Samuel Beswick, Esq., Hokitika.

Francis Harris, Esq., Cobden.

The above appointments to take effect on the first day of February, 1867.

WILLIAM FITZHERBERT,  
(for the Colonial Secretary.)

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Wellington, 15th January, 1867.

THE following Acts passed by the Provincial Council of the Province of Auckland, intitled—  
“The Auckland Building Act, 1858, Extension Act, 1866;”

“The Distress Act, 1866;”

“The Turnpike Act, 1866, Amendment Act, 1866;”

“The Toll Exemption Act, 1866;”

“The Empowering Act, 1866, No. 2;”

“The Appropriation Act, 1867;”

having been laid before the Governor, His Excellency has been pleased to leave the same to their operation.

W. M. FITZHERBERT,  
(for the Colonial Secretary.)

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Wellington, 18th January, 1867.

THE following regulations respecting Travelling Allowance are published for the information of Officers of the General Government travelling on the public service and entitled to travelling allowance.

WILLIAM FITZHERBERT,  
(for the Colonial Secretary.)

*Travelling Allowances.*

The following regulations respecting the issue of travelling allowances to Public Officers travelling on the public service and entitled to travelling allowance will henceforward be in operation:

1. Ministers and Judges of the Supreme Court to receive travelling allowance at the rate of two guineas per diem. Transport by land or sea to be provided by the Government. At sea, an allowance of five shillings only per diem will be sanctioned.

2. All other officers to receive travelling allowance at the daily rate of three shillings and sixpence for every one hundred pounds (£100) of the salary received by them respectively. No allowance, however, to be less than seven shillings and sixpence per diem. Transport by land or sea to be provided by Government. At sea, an allowance of two shillings and sixpence only per diem will be given.

3. The Government or the officer to have the option before the travelling commences, to arrange specially that, instead of receiving an allowance, the actual expenses reasonably incurred by such officer shall be paid by the Government on the production of proper vouchers. The Government to decide whether or not any expenses in respect of which a claim is made have been reasonably incurred.

4. No travelling allowance to be paid unless the officer is absent at night from his usual residence, but actual reasonable expenses will be paid.

5. No forage allowance will be given, or Government horses be lent to officers in the Civil Service. This is not to apply to those Civil Servants for whom forage allowance has been specially appropriated by the Legislature, or to persons in the Militia Service.

6. When an officer is required to travel on public business not pertaining to his Department, a special rate of allowance will, if necessary, be fixed before the travelling commences.

7. Coroners' mileage allowance, and any allowance fixed by law, will remain as at present.

8. In the case of officers removed from one station to another, the actual reasonable travelling expenses incurred for themselves and their families will be paid upon the production of proper vouchers, except when that removal has been occasioned at their request, or in consequence of any fault on the part of the officer removed, or in course of promotion, in which case the Minister having control of the Department to which the officer is attached, will decide what allowance, if any, should under the particular circumstances be granted.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Wellington, 19th January, 1867.

**H**IS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint under "The Wellington Hospital Reserves Act, 1865,"

The Hon. James Coutts Crawford, M.L.C., and  
W. Waring Taylor, Esq., M.G.A.,  
to be Trustees of the Wellington Hospital Reserves.  
W. FITZHERBERT,  
(for the Colonial Secretary).

**H**IS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to accept the resignation of

JOHN B. BENNETT, Esq.,  
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies for the Provinces  
of Auckland and Hawke's Bay.

Treasury, Wellington,  
15th January, 1867.

W. M. FITZHERBERT.

**H**IS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

JOHN MUIR WATLAND, Esq.,  
to be Registrar of Joint Stock Companies for the  
Provinces of Auckland and Hawke's Bay. This  
appointment to date from the 12th instant.

Treasury, Wellington,  
15th January, 1867.

W. M. FITZHERBERT.

Colonial Defence Office,  
Wellington, 12th January, 1867.

**H**IS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

Lieutenant-Colonel MAXWELL LEPPER,  
to command the Militia and Volunteers in the  
Northern, Middle, and Southern Districts of the  
Province of Taranaki.

J. C. RICHMOND,  
(for Colonel Haultain.)

Colonial Defence Office,  
Wellington, 14th January, 1867.

**H**IS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to make the undermentioned appointments, viz. :—

*In the Auckland Militia.*

William Gordon (late Captain 73rd Regiment) to be  
Major. Date of commission, 19th December,  
1866.

*In the Poverty Bay Mounted Rifle Volunteers.*

Captain Charles Westrup, of the Auckland Militia,  
to be Captain.

Frederick Shipworth to be Lieutenant. Date of  
commission, 18th October, 1866.

*In No. 3 (Kowai) Company of Canterbury Rifle  
Volunteers.*

William Miles Maskell to be Captain. Date of  
commission, 19th October, 1866.

Matthew Morris to be Assistant Surgeon. Date  
of commission, 19th October, 1866.

*In No. 4 (Rangiora) Company Canterbury Rifle  
Volunteers.*

John Thomson to be Ensign. Date of commission,  
27th October, 1866.

*In the West Taieri Company, Otago Rifle Volunteers.*  
James Fulton to be Captain. Date of commission,  
14th November, 1866.

*In the Nelson Artillery Volunteer Cadet Corps.*

Albert Pitt to be Honorary Captain. Date of  
commission, 4th December, 1866.

*In the Auckland Rifle Volunteers.*

Charles Creasey Clayworth to be Assistant-Surgeon.  
Date of commission, 17th December, 1866.

*In the Waimea West Company Rifle Volunteers.*

Francis James Blundell to be Captain. Date of  
commission, 28th December, 1866.

William D. Barnes to be Lieutenant. Date of  
commission, 28th December, 1866.

George Rutherford to be Ensign. Date of commis-  
sion, 28th December, 1866.

*In the Nelson Cadet Rifle Volunteers.*

John Williams Wigzell to be Honorary Captain.  
Date of commission, 1st January, 1867.

Robert Gibbons to be Honorary Lieutenant. Date  
of commission, 1st January, 1867.

Henry Lucas to be Honorary Ensign. Date of  
commission, 1st January, 1867.

*In the Bruce Company of Otago Rifle Volunteers.*

Edward Pettit to be Lieutenant. Date of commission,  
24th December, 1866.

John Dewe to be Ensign. Date of commission, 24th  
December, 1866.

J. C. RICHMOND,  
(for Colonel Haultain.)

Colonial Defence Office,  
Wellington, 14th January, 1867.

**H**IS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to accept the resignations of the Commissions held by the undermentioned Officers, viz. :

Captain W. J. B. Junor, as Adjutant of Militia  
and Volunteers, Invercargill.

Captain James Allan, East Taieri Rifle Volun-  
teers.

Captain Robert Paterson, Dunedin Naval  
Volunteers.

Captain Thomas Wilson, Taranaki Militia.

Lieutenant George Tait, Bruce Company Otago  
Rifle Volunteers.

Ensign Mark Scott, Bruce Company Otago  
Rifle Volunteers.

Ensign D. W. Connell, Auckland Militia.

Lieutenant E. Shilson, Auckland Militia.

Ensign E. W. Tippetts, No. 1 Company Canter-  
bury Rifle Volunteers.

J. C. RICHMOND,  
(for Colonel Haultain.)

Colonial Defence Office,  
Wellington, 14th January, 1867.

**H**IS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to make the undermentioned promotions in No. 7 (Timaru) Company Canterbury Rifle Volunteers—

Lieutenant Phillip William Fendall, to be  
Captain, *vice* Stericker resigned. Date of  
commission, 22nd November, 1866.

Ensign Stanley Briscoe Seymour, to be  
Lieutenant, *vice* Fendall promoted. Date of  
commission, 22nd November, 1866.

J. C. RICHMOND,  
(for Colonel Haultain.)

Colonial Defence Office,  
Wellington, 14th January, 1867.

**H**IS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to accept the services of the undermentioned Corps, viz. :

The No. 10 (Oxford) Company Canterbury  
Rifle Volunteers. Date of acceptance, 18th  
October, 1866.

The Poverty Bay Mounted Rifle Volunteers.  
Date of acceptance, 18th October, 1866.

The Timaru Artillery Volunteers. Date of  
acceptance, 31st October, 1866.

The Nelson Artillery Volunteer Cadet Corps.  
Date of acceptance, 3rd December, 1866.

The Bay of Plenty Cavalry Volunteers. Date  
of acceptance, 23rd December, 1866.

J. C. RICHMOND,  
(for Colonel Haultain.)

Governor's Order, No. 15.

IN exercise of the power in me for this purpose vested by "The Customs Regulation Act, 1858," I, the Commissioner of Customs, do hereby appoint and declare that the

PORT OF WESTPORT,

shall be a Port at which persons acting as Agents in the entrance or clearance of ships, goods, or baggage, or any business relating thereto, shall be required to be duly licensed for that purpose.

Given under my hand, at Wellington, this ninth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

J. C. RICHMOND.

Office of the Commissioner of Customs,  
Wellington, 15th January, 1867.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to make the following appointments in the Customs Department—

THOMAS HILL, Esq.,

to be Collector of Customs at Dunedin;

JAMES HACKWORTH, Esq.,

to be Landing Surveyor at the Port of Wellington; and

WILLIAM SYDNEY MUNDAY, Esq.,

to be Officer in Charge at Westport, Buller.

J. C. RICHMOND.

Office of the Commissioner of Customs,  
Wellington, 15th January, 1867.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

Thomas Hill, Esq., Collector of Customs at Dunedin, and

William Sydney Munday, Esq., Officer in Charge of Customs at Westport,

to be Licensing Officers under the provisions of "The Arms Act, 1860."

J. C. RICHMOND.

THE partnership heretofore existing between us as Civil Engineers and Contractors, under the firm of "E. G. Wright and Co.," has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. Wright will carry out the

contracts and discharge the liabilities of and will receive all moneys due to the late firm.

As witness our hands this 3rd day of May, 1866.

EDWARD GEORGE WRIGHT,

Witness to the signature of Mr. Edward George Wright—J. S. M. MEARES, Collector, Christchurch.

GEORGE AICKIN.

Witness to the signature of Mr. George Aickin—P. A. BUCKLEY, Barrister-at-Law, Wellington.

TERMS of Subscription and Advertising in the *New Zealand Gazette* are as follows:—

SUBSCRIPTION.

(to be paid in advance)

	£	s.	d.
Per Annum ... ..	2	0	0
Per Quarter ... ..	0	10	6
Price for single copies of <i>Gazette</i> ... ..	0	1	0

The above subscriptions will not entitle the subscriber to receive the Acts of the General Assembly published as supplements to the *Gazette*. If the subscriber wishes for those Acts he will be required to apply and pay for them specially at the rate of threepence per folio.

Applications for subscription to the *Gazette* should be addressed, and pre-payment made, to the Government Printer, Wellington.

ADVERTISING.

	£	s.	d.
For the first fifty words and under ... ..	0	3	0
For every four words after the first fifty ... ..	0	0	2
Headings, date lines, signatures, &c., requiring to be printed in separate lines, to be charged at, per line ... ..	0	0	4
Intestate Estate Balance Sheets ... ..	0	7	6

All advertisements should be written on *one side* of the paper, and signatures, &c., should be written in a legible hand.

The number of insertions required must be written across the face of the advertisement.

All applications for the insertion of private advertisements in the *New Zealand Gazette* should be addressed to the Government Printer, Wellington, and at the same time, pre-payment (by money order when necessary) at the above rates must be made to him. No advertisement will be inserted in the *Gazette* unless the whole amount due on account of the same is prepaid.

All sums so received by the Printer will be duly acknowledged through the medium of the *Gazette*.

PARTICULARS of the Estates of Deceased Persons which have been placed under the charge of ROBERT POLLOCK, Esq., Curator of the Estates of Deceased Persons for the Province of Nelson, during the Month of December, 1866.

No.	Name of Deceased.	Colonial Residence.	Supposed British or Foreign Residence.	Date of Rule or Order.	Value or Estimated Value of Personal Estate.	Time of Deceased's Death.	Remarks.
3	Charles Bodle ...	Mangahua Junction Buller	Sussex, England	1st December, 1866	£ s. d. 60 0 0	15th October, 1866	The deceased was a partner in a Store; the value of his share not yet ascertained.
4	David Farquhar McLeod	Nelson Creek	Scotland ...	1st December, 1866	Not ascertained	25th October, 1866	A partner in the "Empire Hotel," at Greymouth; value of share not yet known.
5	Charles Hamilton	Nelson Creek	England ...	1st December, 1866	Not ascertained	25th October, 1866	This deceased also a partner in the "Empire Hotel," at Greymouth; value of share not yet known.

Dated the fifth day of January, 1867.

ROBERT POLLOCK, Curator.