

NEW ZEALAND



O T A G O

P R O V I N C I A L G O V E R N M E N T

G A Z E T T E .

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DUNEDIN, WEDNESDAY, MAY 1, 1872.

No. 790.

A DDRESS OF HIS HONOR THE SUPERINTENDENT,
ON OPENING THE THIRTIETH SESSION OF THE PROVINCIAL COUNCIL OF THE PROVINCE OF OTAGO, APRIL 30, 1872.
MR. SPEAKER AND GENTLEMEN OF THE PROVINCIAL COUNCIL:—

The present seems a befitting occasion on which briefly to refer to our progress as a Province during the past financial year, and to take stock of some few of the more important incidents which have marked that progress.

I am happy to say that, although there has been no very startling or spasmodic advancement, yet there has been a steady growth in the settlement of the country, which must be more or less satisfactory to all of us.

The number of additional Agricultural holdings, or homesteads, created during the year amount to six hundred and forty-seven (647), that is irrespective of town and village occupations.

The number of Immigrants who have been landed in the Province for the same period has been 4092; of this number 527 statute adults have received assisted passages. The number of Emigrants, on the other hand, amounts to 1508, leaving a balance in favor of Immigration of 2584.

The number of births throughout the Province for the year ending 31st December last, was 3074, the deaths for the same period, being 809.

The total value of Provincial produce exported from Dunedin and Invercargill during the year ending the 24th of the present month, is close upon £2,000,000, the exact figures being £1,990,000; this is irrespective of what may have been shipped to the neighbouring Provinces of New Zealand, and making due allowance for that portion raised in the Province of Canterbury,

gives a rate per head of the population, double that of the Colony of Victoria.

It may be interesting to note, that of the forementioned amount, £147,000 has been shipped to the United States of America, the residue having been sent to the United Kingdom, for which sixteen large first-class ships have cleared out during the year from Dunedin and Bluff Harbour.

I need scarcely say that a considerable proportion of the Exports has consisted of the produce of our Gold Fields. The duty on gold shipped during the year amounted to £21,415 16s. 4d., as against £19,069 2s. 9d. in the previous year. A Return will be placed before you, showing the total amount of gold received in Dunedin from the various Gold Fields by Escort during the past two years. From this return it will be seen that the quantity received during the year ending 31st March, 1872 was 156,026 ounces, being 104 ounces less than that received by Escort during the previous year. The deficiency, trifling as it is, must be attributed to the great scarcity of water which has resulted from the late most unusually dry season. These returns, compared with those of previous years, go to show that gold mining has become a settled and permanent industry.

An abundant and cheap supply of water is, I believe, the one thing needful to afford permanent and profitable occupation to a very large mining population. Besides the alluvial deposits from which our gold exports have hitherto been chiefly derived, there are numerous quartz reefs throughout the Province, some of which have been yielding very handsome returns. With a view of enabling the discoverers of quartz reefs to ascertain accurately the value of their discoveries, the Government has now in course of erection in Dunedin a quartz-crushing machine, which, it is hoped, will be

in operation in the course of a week or two. It is proposed to work this machine in connection with the School of Mines in the Otago University. While upon this subject, I may remind you that the Gold Mining Commission, called together last year to take into consideration the general question of the legislation affecting Gold Fields, amongst other valuable suggestions, recommended to the favorable consideration of the Colonial Legislature the establishment in this Colony of a branch of the Imperial Mint, by which means the miner would obtain the exact and full value of his gold. A mint, however, is a matter involving great pecuniary outlay, and much time, before it could be made available.

Pending the establishment of a mint, I am of opinion that an assay and melting department in connection with the School of Mines under Professor Black would be a great boon. The cost of a very efficient plant would not exceed £300. To this place miners and others might bring their gold for the purpose of being melted and assayed, and arrangements could be made by the Government for having the gold coined at the Sydney or Melbourne Mint,—the owner of the gold in the meantime receiving a deposit receipt which would be as good to him as cash.

I would recommend this matter to your favorable consideration, and whether you concur in the recommendation or not, I am persuaded you will agree with me in thinking that an assay office would be not the least valuable part of Professor Black's department, in connection with the other branches of chemistry taught by him.

During the year there have been established throughout the Province nine public schools, making in all at the present time 119 schools (including the male and female High Schools, and School of Art), with a teaching staff of 184 teachers. In addition to these there have been sanctioned and are in the course of being established other nine schools in various parts of the Province. There are moreover fifteen applications for schools which the Government has not seen its way to grant, but which I trust may be provided for in due time. The total amount for the year expended by the Government on Education has been £23,059. Although it is hoped that the Province will be able to continue the existing scale of school allowances for years to come, I am disposed to think that District School Committees should have power to levy rates. Should you be of the same opinion, a short Ordinance may be passed during the present Session to this effect.

Gentlemen,—I need scarcely say that the question of education is at present exciting considerable interest throughout the Colony. You are doubtless aware that a measure has been framed, and will be introduced into the Colonial Legislature next session, having for its object the removal of the control of the education of the people from the Provinces to the Colony.

While fully admitting that the means of education should be brought within the reach of—and, if need be, enforced upon—all, and that in the case of those portions of the Colony in which this is neglected, it is the duty of the Supreme Legislature to make the necessary provision—I am at the same time of opinion that, as regards this Province at least, no Colonial action is likely either to improve or extend the means of education more than we ourselves can do, and are actually endeavoring to accomplish.

Seeing, therefore, that no transfer of the Educational functions of the Province to the Colony is likely to be for the better—and may, perchance, turn out to be very much for the worse—I venture to hope that you will concur with me in deprecating and resisting any interference from without with our Educational arrangements.

I am far from saying that these arrangements are perfect, they would not be human if they were so, but I

do maintain that we have in Otago the most perfect—the nearest approach to a national non-sectarian system in these colonies—a system which in practice has worked well and has been participated in by all religious denominations, for twenty years. I maintain, moreover, that we ourselves are best qualified to deal with whatever imperfections there may be in our Educational system.

Gentlemen,—Let us by all means improve the administration, by going in for a thorough inspection—let us elevate the qualifications and status of the teachers, let us eliminate from our Class Books whatever may be contrary to truth, or calculated to give reasonable offence to any particular section of the community, but don't let us countenance any system of education by which our children will be taught to stand aloof from each other—each on its own sectarian pedestal. You will, I am sure, be glad to know that these are points which have been occupying much attention on the part of the Education Board, and that henceforth the inspection will be much more regular and effective than it has been, also, that all public school teachers will require to possess certain scholastic acquirements, and produce certificates of competency. Moreover the Government has ordered a complete set of all Class Books in use throughout Great Britain, Ireland and America, with a view to selecting the most cosmopolitan for the public schools of the Province.

Gentlemen,—I have to congratulate you upon various important public undertakings which have been brought to an issue during the past year, I would allude especially to the successful establishment of the Otago University, the completion of the Otago Graving Dock, and the Californian Steam Service.

As regards the University, its curriculum in the meantime may be said to be so far complete. While ample provision has been made for literary, mental and moral training, the School of Mines and of Chemistry cannot fail to exercise an important influence upon the development of the material resources of the Province. The chief thing that is wanting now is a suitable library of reference for students. This is the cope stone which is required to complete the edifice; and I trust that your substantial concurrence will not be wanting towards such completion.

It is much to be regretted that the Colony as a whole has prematurely set up a rival university—supported to a large extent out of the revenue of this Province. I trust our representatives in the General Assembly will be unanimous in their endeavors to secure that that portion of the Colonial revenue which is derived from Otago, and applied to University purposes, shall be devoted to the Otago University.

A Bill will be submitted to you for the purpose of constituting the Professors ex-officio members of the University Council, which proposal will, it is hoped, meet with your approval.

As regards the Otago Graving Dock, you will be glad to learn that since the date of its opening, the revenue shows an excess over the working expenses to an extent which warrants the anticipation that the Province will be fully recouped in respect of the cost of construction. It will be advisable, in order to the more effective and economical working of the dock, to incur a further expenditure towards procuring necessary working plant. Upon this subject a report from the Dock Board will be laid before you.

With respect to the Californian steam service, although the terms which have been arranged between New Zealand and the Colony of Victoria have not yet transpired, I believe I am correct in stating that, under that arrangement the proportion of subsidy payable by New Zealand will be very much less than it would otherwise have been; also, that this Port will be the New Zealand terminus of the line. Our outward-bound

mails will be carried right through to San Francisco without transshipment.

Although, owing to unforeseen circumstances, the Dunedin and Port Chalmers Railway has not been completed within the stipulated time, yet I understand that the whole of the plant is now on its way from England. Should it arrive in due course, the promoters expect to have the railway open for traffic in July next, with the exception of the pier, which will probably take some months longer to erect.

Gentlemen,—Another incident worthy of note during the year has been the addition to our local industries, of a woollen manufactory on a comparatively extensive scale. This has been the result of the bonus voted by the Provincial Council two sessions ago.

Although this is the only practical fruit which has resulted from the various offers of a bonus on the part of the Government, I am disposed to think that we should still try this means of stimulating new industries, especially the development of our coal fields and the manufacture of paper.

It is not very flattering to the commercial enterprise of the Province, that during the past year there have been imported 24,280 tons of coal, representing a money value of £34,000, while equally good coal is known to exist convenient to water-carriage within our own territory. In point of fact the Province may be said to be one great coal field. Now that the consumption of coal will be so largely increased, in order to supply the requirements of the American steamers, it behoves us seriously to bestir ourselves in this matter.

As regards the manufacture of paper, it will be remembered that a bonus was offered some eight years ago. Had the amount offered been greater at that time, it is believed that a large and flourishing manufacture would have been ere now in operation. We have in this Province an unlimited quantity of raw material, suitable for paper making, indigenous to the soil, and the manufacture only requires a commencement in order to form one of our most staple exports. As it is, I should propose that we supplement the offer of the General Government by an equal sum.

In compliance with your resolution of last session, power has been obtained to dispose of land, on special terms, to the extent of 100,000 acres, on Stewart's Island, and an equal area between Waikava and Catlin's River.

The great difficulty in practically dealing with these lands is the cost of survey, an expense which the Province can scarcely be expected to bear in respect of that portion of the land proposed to be free granted. Regulations have, however, been framed, which it is hoped may lead to the beneficial occupation of the territory in question, which regulations only await the sanction of His Excellency the Governor in order to become law.

As you are aware, the General Assembly passed an act last session to enable free grants of land to be given by way of encouraging the growth of forest trees. Before, however, the provisions of the act can be made available in this Province, it is necessary that you should, by resolution, concur with me in bringing it into force.

The Colonial Legislature at its last session sanctioned the expenditure of a large sum out of loan towards the construction in this Province of certain railways; also towards water supply on gold fields, and immigration. I believe that steps are in progress with a view of giving practical effect to the action of the Legislature in respect of all these proposals. It is much to be feared, however, that, in as far as this Province is concerned, the Colonial Legislature has made a mistake in not leaving the practical administration of the matters in question to the Provincial Government. If any one thing more than another is essential to secure the success of the great policy of public works and immigration upon which the Colony has embarked, it is

local administration. However expedient it may be that there should be only one national borrowing power in the Colony, such power should be exercised only on behalf of such Provinces or districts as are in a position to employ the loan advantageously, the administration of the loan being left very much to themselves. It is, I think, much to be regretted that this principle did not commend itself to the Legislature, and that instead of creating an entirely new and distinct machinery, it did not make use of that already in existence. It will be fortunate for the Colony if it does not yet see cause to regret its determination to administer local undertakings from one remote centre.

In conformity with your resolution of last session, a Bill has been prepared with a view to the formation of Shire Councils. Probably, however, this measure may be deemed premature, until such time as the new Roads Ordinance, which it is proposed to bring into operation in June next, shall have had fair time to develop itself.

A Bill will be submitted to you for the purpose of securing to Municipal and Shire Councils the whole of the Publicans', Auctioneers', and other License Fees levied within their respective boundaries, on condition that the main roads, when formed within said boundaries, shall be upheld and maintained by them.

Gentlemen,—The sum paid into the Provincial Treasury during the past year, from all sources, has amounted to £286,236, while the sum expended has been £245,000. As however, this is a subject which will be more fully brought before you by the Provincial Treasurer, I need not enlarge further than to state that the expenditure has been diffused generally throughout the Province, and that your cash votes for last Session for Roads and Bridges, and Public Works, amounting to £89,600 have been expended, or are in course of expenditure, to the extent of £82,000. Upon the whole then, when it is borne in mind that the Province has not during the last year fingered one farthing of its Customs Revenue, while it has had to provide for the carriage of its inland mails, for Police, Gaols, Hospitals, Lunatic Asylum, Education, Administration of Justice on Gold Fields, as well as Interest on Loans, comparatively small as has been the expenditure of Public Works, it is satisfactory to find that the amount has been so large.

As respects the future, it is useless to shut our eyes to the fact that the extent to which we can construct and maintain public works throughout the Province must depend entirely upon the extent to which we dispose of our waste lands. And while I hold that in administering the Land Act, the primary object must and ought to be the actual settlement of the country; at the same time, if the country is to be rendered accessible and fit for settlement, we cannot ignore dealing with the land from a revenue point of view likewise.

In voting any thing, therefore, beyond the absolutely necessary requirements of the public service for the current year, it had better be distinctly understood that the expenditure will be entirely contingent upon the sale of land. I deem it right to lay so much stress upon this, inasmuch as there is a disposition on the part of some to dispose of the whole of our territory by way of free grants.

The amendments proposed by you last Session in the existing land regulations were, as you are aware, embodied in a bill which was submitted to the General Assembly. This bill, with some few alterations, received the sanction of the House of Representatives, but did not pass the other branch of the Legislature. A copy of the bill as amended will be placed before you. This bill will again be submitted to the Colonial Legislature at its next session, with, it is hoped, a more satisfactory result.

Gentlemen,—With the prospect of railways superseding, in a great measure, the main trunk lines of

road, and of the administration of the district roads being transferred to the District Road Boards; it now only remains for me to say that we shall be acting wisely by as much as possible adapting our Governmental staff to its diminished functions and to the means at our disposal. This should be done, not by reducing the salaries of our public officers, but by reducing their number and increasing their duties—simplifying the routine business of the Government by assimilating it to that of a commercial establishment.

As indicative of the beneficial results which we may confidently look forward to, from the initiation and spread throughout the Province of the railway system, it may be interesting to state that in comparing the traffic returns on the Bluff and Winton Railways, as between the months of February and March 1871, and the same months in 1872, with a comparatively small population, the passenger traffic has nearly doubled, the goods traffic being nearly trebled, and the revenue increased from £700 to £900, notwithstanding a considerably reduced scale of charges during the latter period.

Gentlemen,—I now declare this Council open for the despatch of business.

J. MACANDREW,
Superintendent.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATION.

IN Conformity to the 29th Section of the "Gold Fields Act 1866," and to the Regulations made under that Act and the Gold Fields Acts Amendment Acts of 1867, 1868, and 1869, for the granting of leases for gold mining purposes within the Province of Otago, it is hereby notified that it is intended to grant a lease for gold mining purposes of Crown Lands to the applicant specified in the annexed Schedule, unless there shall be valid objections against granting such lease.

Objections to the granting of such lease, stating the grounds of objection, must be made in writing, and lodged with the Warden, at Macraes Flat, on or before the 30th day of May, 1872.

Copy of the application made, and plans annexed, may be seen at the Warden's Office at Macraes.

Given under my hand, at Dunedin, this 30th day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

J. MACANDREW,
Superintendent.

SCHEDULE.

James Ellis Glover, on behalf of the Last Chance Company, for 16 acres of land, more or less, as the same may be found after survey to be contained within the pegs and trenches of the applicants, situated at Dunback Creek, Shag Valley.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATION.

IN Conformity to the 29th Section of the "Gold Fields Act 1866," and to the Regulations made under that Act and the Gold Fields Acts Amendment Acts of 1867, 1868, and 1869, for the granting of leases for gold mining purposes within the Province of Otago, it is hereby notified that it is intended to grant a lease for gold mining purposes of Crown Lands to the applicant specified in the annexed Schedule, unless there shall be valid objections against granting such lease.

Objections to the granting of such lease, stating the grounds of objection, must be made in writing and lodged with the Warden, at Black's, on or before the 10th day of May, 1872.

Copy of the application made, and plans annexed, may be seen at the Warden's Office at Black's.

Given under my hand, at Dunedin, this 30th day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

J. MACANDREW,
Superintendent.

SCHEDULE.

Stephen Read and others, for 10 acres of land, more or less, as the same may be found after survey to be contained within the pegs and trenches of the applicants, situated at the head of Sugar Pot Gully, Tinker's.

THURSDAY, 9TH MAY, 1872, HOLIDAY AND THANKSGIVING DAY.

Copy of Telegram from the Honorable the Colonial Secretary to His Honor the Superintendent of Otago.

THE Governor has proclaimed Thursday, the ninth day of May next, as a General Holiday and day for a Public Thanksgiving to God for the restoration of H.R.R. the Prince of Wales to health, and invites the Clergy and Ministers of religion of all denominations, and all other Her Majesty's subjects in New Zealand to observe that day accordingly. Will you be good enough to let this be publicly known in the Province of Otago. A copy of the Proclamation will be sent by post.

W. GISBORNE.

30th April, 1872.

ABSTRACT FROM PREVIOUS GAZETTES

- of Impounding Notices:—
- 3rd May, Friday noon, a cow will be sold at West Taieri Pound.
 - 3rd May, Friday, noon, a cow and a steer will be sold at Glenkenich Pound.
 - 10th May, Friday, noon, a cow will be sold at Papakaio Pound.
 - 10th May, Friday, noon, a calf and a filly, a bull and a gelding will be sold at Shotover Pound.
 - 10th May, Friday, noon, two young bulls will be sold at Oamaru Pound.
 - 10th May, Friday, noon, three bulls will be sold at Balclutha Pound.

TENDERS will be received at the office of the Secretary for Works until noon of Tuesday, 7th May, for

- 1st, Contract No. 640.—Supply and spreading 750 cubic yards of Road Metal on road Dunedin to Portobello.
- 2nd, Contract No. 606.—Maintenance of portion of the road Saddle Hill to West Taieri Bridge.

Specifications may be seen and forms of tender obtained at the office of the Engineer of Roads and Works, Dunedin.

Tenders to be endorsed "Roads and Works Tender for Contract No. 606" or "640," as the case may be.

The Government does not undertake to accept the lowest or any tender.

J. B. BRADSHAW,
Secretary for Works.

Dunedin, April 23rd, 1872.

TENDERS will be received at the Office of the Secretary for Land and Works until noon of Friday, 10th May, for

Contract No. 641.—Carting off mud from Main Road through Dunedin.

Plans and specifications may be seen, and forms of tender obtained, at the office of the Engineer of Roads and Works, Dunedin.

Tenders to be endorsed "Roads and Works, Tender for Contract No. 641."

The Government does not undertake to accept the lowest or any tender.

J. B. BRADSHAW,
Secretary for Works.

Dunedin, April 30, 1872.

WAKARI Road Board.—Tenders wanted for supplying road metal in various parts of Wakari district, and also for other works. Particulars may be learned from the undersigned, with whom tenders are to be left, on or before Friday, 3rd May, 1872.—**DAVID M'LAUCHLAN**, Halfway Bush School.

AHURIRI Road Board.—Tenders will be received by the Clerk to the Road Board, until Tuesday, the 7th May next, for formation of portions of road, building of culverts and erection of bridge. Mr. Donald M'Donald will show the work to be done in his district, on Friday, the 3rd May, at 12 o'clock. Mr. Alex. Ballock will show the work to be done in his district, on the same day as above, at 2 o'clock. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.—**ROBERT M'LAY**, Clerk to the Board. Ahuriri, 25th May, 1872.

HARLINGTON Road District.—Tenders will be received till the 11th May next, at the house of Mr. Barrowman, Mount Pleasant, for Road Works in the above district. Specifications to be seen at the house of the undersigned, and the works will be pointed out to contractors on Thursday, the 9th May, by meeting at Mr. Cameron's store, Sawyer's Bay. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.—**JOSEPH MORRIS**, Clerk to Road Board.—Harlington, April 30th 1872.

BROAD BAY Road Board.—Tenders wanted for Repairs on road line from Mr. M'Lennan's to Broad Bay. Mr. M'Lennan will show the above work on the 16th instant, at 12 o'clock. Also, Repairs on road from Mr. Stewart's to the Lime Kiln. Mr. Stewart will show the work same day as above, at 2 o'clock.—**ROBT. RAYNBIRD**, Clerk.

NOTICE.—Tenders wanted by the Mosgiel Road Board for Graveling six (6) chains, more or less, of District Road. Also, Carting 250 yards, more or less, of maintenance gravel to Main District Road. Specifications may be seen and tenders lodged with Mr. A. Armit, surfaceman, Mosgiel, up to 4th May, at 6 p.m. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.—**JOHN ANDREW**, Clark Grange, Mosgiel, 27th April, 1872.

PORTOBELLO Road Board.—Tenders wanted for the undermentioned works on Hooper's Inlet Road:—No. 2: For quarrying, carting, breaking, and spreading 70 yards, more or less, of Road Metal.—No. 3: For forming 10 chains, more or less, of Bridle Track at the head of Hooper's Inlet. William Dickson will point out the works on Friday, the 10th May, from 12 o'clock noon until 2 p.m.—No. 4: For quarrying, carting, and breaking 70 yards, more or less, of Road Metal on the road leading from Portobello Bay to Papanuie Bay.—No. 5: For forming a Bridle Track of 35 chains, more or less, from Papanuie Bay Road towards Mr. Garrick's; and No. 6: For forming 35 chains, more or less, of Bridle Track from Papanuie Bay Road towards Mr. Shepherd's. Mr. John Wishart will point out the works of Nos. 4, 5, and 6. Sealed tenders to be sent in to the Clerk of the Board before 2 o'clock p.m. on Saturday, the 11th May. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.—**WILLIAM DICKSON**, Clerk to the Board.—Portobello, April 29th, 1872.

WANTED, Tenders for five or six miles of sod fencing to be erected on the Strath Taieri Plain. Specifications may be seen, and tenders lodged with Mr. John Nimmo, West Taieri; or Mr. Alex. Brown, Green Island, up to April 30. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. 6s.

WANTED, for the Queenstown Main District School, a Schoolmaster and Schoolmistress.

Salary, Government subsidy of £160, and School fees of 1s per week added, subject to a deduction of £30 per annum. Probable salary from above sources £300 with a good house rent free.

Must be duly qualified teachers, and the master able to teach singing. Engagement to be for one year only. Average attendance during 1871, 77.

Apply, before June 1st, Chairman of School Committee, Queenstown, enclosing testimonials.—**R. W. BEETHAM**, Chairman.

WANTED, a Teacher for the Side School, Evans' Flat, Tuapeka; salary—Government grant and School fees. Applications to be lodged with the undersigned up to 30th inst.—**B. FARGHER**, Clerk, School Committee, Evans' Flat, Tuapeka.

WANTED—A Teacher for the Side School, Hill End. Salary, £75 per annum, and school fees, house, and glebe. Applications to be lodged with the undersigned on or before the 31st May.—**DANIEL BOWER**, Hill End, Balclutha.

WAIKIVI School District.—A Teacher is required for the Waikivi School District under the Board of Education. Salary—Government subsidy and school fees, with free residence. Applications, with testimonials, to be sent in to the undersigned on or before 31st May.—**L. LONGUET**, Clerk to School Committee.

CLYDE District School.—Wanted, a Master and a Mistress. Joint salary, £225 per annum guaranteed. A master competent to teach music preferred. Applications, with testimonials, to be lodged on or before Thursday, 9th of May, with **A. CHRISTOPHERS**, Clerk.

WASTE LAND BOARD ADVERTISEMENTS.

MONDAY, 29th April, noon.

NOTICE is hereby given that sections 7, 9, 11 and 12, block III, Kaitangata District, containing respectively 101a 2r 4p, 178a 3r 20p, 210a 3r 18p, 186a 1r 8p, and sections 13 and 14, block III, Akatore District, containing respectively 86a 0r 30p and 77a 2r 23p, will be offered for sale by public auction, at the Auction Rooms of Mr Capstick, Tokomairiro, on Monday, the 29th day of April next, at noon, at the upset price of 10s per acre.

EDUCATION RESERVES, SOUTHLAND.

APPLICATIONS will be received by Mr. John H. Baker, Survey Office, Invercargill, from persons wishing to lease any of the Reserves as formerly advertised.

Copies of the Otago Regulations, and conditions for the Leasing of Education Reserves can be obtained from Mr. Baker, Invercargill.

FRIDAY, 10th May.

NOTICE is hereby given that section 3, block II, Akatore district, containing 129a 3r 39p, will be offered for sale by public auction, by Mr Capstick, at his auction rooms, Tokomairiro, on Friday, the 10th day of May next, at noon, at the upset price of 10s per acre.

FRIDAY, 10th May.

NOTICE is hereby given that section 13, block III, Kaitangata District, containing 170a 3r; sections 1, 16 and 22, block IX, Akatore District, containing respectively 74a 0r 28p, 91a 3r 36p, and 54a; and sections 8 and sections 8 and 9, block 17, Waiholo district, containing respectively 52a 2r, and 52a 2r, will be offered for sale by public auction, by Mr Capstick, at his auction rooms, Tokomairiro, on Friday, the 10th day

of May next, at noon, at the upset price of 10s per acre.

FRIDAY, 10th May.

NOTICE is hereby given that the depasturing right over sections 21 and 31, block II, Otakia district, will be offered for sale by public auction, at the Land Office, Dunedin, on Friday, the 10th day of May next, at noon, at the upset rent of 6d per acre.

FRIDAY, 17th May, noon.

NOTICE is hereby given that sections 1 to 37, Block IV, Benger District, recently withdrawn from Mr Clarke's application, averaging from 40 to 60 acres each, will be offered for sale by public auction, at the Court-house, Roxburgh, on Friday, the 17th day of May next, at noon, at the upset price of £1 per acre.

FRIDAY, 17th May, noon.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following sections in the Township of Queenstown, will be exposed for sale by public auction, at the Survey Office, Queenstown, on Friday, the 17th day of May next, at noon. Those fronting Ballarat street and Frankton road at the upset price of £5 each, back sections £3 each.

Sections 6, block XXXI; 1 to 11, block XXXII; 1 to 14, block XXXIII; 1 to 14, block XXXIV; 1 to 18, block XXXV; 1 to 14, block XXXVI; 1 to 10, block XXXVII; 1 to 19, block XXXVIII; 1 to 22, block XXXIX; 1 to 18, block XL; 1 to 23, block XLI; 1 to 13, block XLII; 1 to 12, block XLIII; 1 to 8, block XLIV; 1 to 14, block XLV; 1 to 11, block XLVI; 1 to 7, block XLVII; 1 to 6, block XLVIII; 1 to 9, block XLIX.

FRIDAY, 17th May, noon.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following sections in the Township of Greytown will be offered for sale by public auction, at the Land Office, Dunedin on Friday, the 17th day of May, 1872, at noon, at the upset price of £3 each for back, and £5 for front sections.

Sections 1 to 40, block XIV; 1 to 18, block XV; 1 to 18, block XVI; 1 to 20, block XVII; 1 to 20, block XVIII, and 1 and 2, block XXI.

Immediately thereafter, section 59, block XXXII, Dunedin, will be offered at the upset price £12 10s.

MONDAY, 3rd June, noon.

NOTICE is hereby given that sections 2 of 2, block II, Clarendon, containing 53a. 2r. 15p, sections 24, 33 and 34, block VIII, Clarendon District, containing respectively 143a. 1r. 2p., 131a., and 103a. 3r. 17p., and sections 38 and 48, block VIII, Akatore district, containing 177a. 2r. 31p. and 33a. 1r. 35p. respectively, will be offered for sale by public auction by Mr. Capstick at his Auction Rooms, Tokomairiro, on Monday, the 3rd day of June next, at noon, at the upset price of 10s. per acre.

EDUCATION RESERVES.

FRIDAY, 17th May.

THE following Reserves will be leased by auction at the Land Office, Dunedin, immediately after the sale of Crown Land there, on Friday, the 17th May, 1872:

Section 1 of 53, block IV, Maungatua, 40 acres	
" 32 and 33, " " 85 "	
" 2 off 30, block II " 40 "	

The lease of the last-mentioned Section will be sold subject to valuation for improvements.

Copies of Regulations and Condition of Lease may be had on application at the Education Office.

JOHN SPERREY, Secretary.

UNIVERSITY OF OTAGO.

(AMENDED NOTICE.)

THE SESSION for 1872, will be opened on Wednesday, 1st May, with an introductory Lecture (open to the Public), by Professor Black, at 7 p.m.

On the two days following, the Matriculation Examinations will be held, beginning at 10 a.m.

On Monday, 6th May, the different classes will be opened as follows:—

Latin, 8 a.m. : Professor Sale, M.A.

Greek and English, 9 a.m. Do

Latin, 10 a.m. Do

Greek, 11 a.m. Do

Mathematics, 4.30 p.m. : Professor Shand, M.A.

Natural Philosophy, 5.30 p.m. Do

Chemistry and Mineralogy, 2 p.m. and 7.30 p.m. :

Professor Black, M.A., D.Sc.

Logic, 6.30 p.m. : Professor M'Gregor, M.A.

Moral Philosophy, 7.30 p.m. Do

Further information, and tickets for the classes, may be obtained on application to

A. LIVINGSTON, Registrar.

UNIVERSITY OF OTAGO.

THE SECOND SESSION will be Opened on 1st May, 1872.

CLASSES.

1. *Classics*.—Separate Classes for Junior and Senior Latin and Greek. Professor: G. S. Sale, M.A.
2. Class for English Language and Literature. Professor: G. S. Sale, M.A.
3. *Mathematics*.—Separate Classes for Junior Mathematics, Mathematics and Natural Philosophy. Professor: John Shand, M.A.
4. *Mental and Moral Philosophy*.—Classes for Logic, Mental Science, Moral Philosophy, and Political Economy. Professor: D. Macgregor, M.A., M.B.
5. *Natural Science*.—Classes for Chemistry, Mineralogy and Geology. Professor: J. G. Black, M.A., D.Sc.

The session will last for six months continuously, during the entire course of which instruction will be given to each class by the Professor, by means of Text Books, Lectures, and oral and written examinations.

Matriculation fee, £1; Laboratory fee, £1.

The fee for each Class is Three Guineas per session.

MATRICULATION.

The Matriculation Examinations for 1872 will be held at Dunedin on the 2nd and 3rd days of May.

The following are the subjects of examination:—

Latin:

Cicero—"De Amicitia."

Greek:

Xenophon's Anabasis, Book I.

English:

Writing from dictation.

French or German

Translation from French or German into English; translation from English into French or German.

Arithmetic:

The compound rules, especially square and cubic measures; vulgar and decimal fractions, proportion, extraction of the square root.

Algebra:

Meaning of the Algebraical signs, the four elementary rules, simple equations.

Geometry:

Euclid, Book I.

Geography:

The chief physical features and principal towns of Europe, Asia, Africa, North and South America; together with more minute details of the geography of Great Britain and Ireland, Australia and New Zealand.

Candidates will be entitled to matriculate who shall have passed in Latin, English, and Arithmetic; and in any two at least of the other subjects of examination.

DEGREES.

The degree of B.A. will be attainable by (1) attendance upon the prescribed lectures during three sessions, and (2) passing an examination in certain subjects either at the end of the third or at the beginning of the fourth session after matriculation; or at the beginning or end of any subsequent session. There will be no honor examination in connection with the B. A. degree.

The degree of M.A. will be attainable only by those who have already taken the B.A. degree. The ordinary M.A. degree will be attainable by (1) attendance upon the prescribed lectures for at least one session after the taking of the B.A. degree, and (2) by passing a further examination similar in kind to that required of candidates for the degree of B.A., such examination to be held at the end of one year from the B.A. degree, or at the commencement or end of any subsequent session. There will also be an honor examination in connection with the M.A. degree. No one will be admitted to the degree of M.A. with honors, except such as have declared their intention of entering for honors at the time of taking the B.A. degree, or within six months afterwards. Candidates for the degree of M.A. with honors will be allowed to select one or more of the following subjects, and will be examined in such subject or subjects only:—

1. Classics and Philosophy.
2. Pure and applied Mathematics.
3. Natural Science (including Physics).

No candidate will be admitted to the degree of M.A. with honors after the expiration of three academical years from the date of his B.A. degree, nor after the expiration of six years from the date of his matriculation.

Attendance at Lectures.

All candidates for the B.A. and ordinary M.A. degrees will be required to furnish certificates of their attendance at the several courses of lectures prescribed for them. The courses of lectures will be somewhat as under:—

- (a.) For candidates in their B.A. degree in their
- 1st Year—Junior Latin, Junior Greek, Junior Mathematics, Natural Science.
 - 2nd Year—Senior Latin, Greek and English, Senior Mathematics and Natural Philosophy, Natural Science, Psychology, and Logic.
 - 3rd Year—Greek and English, Senior Mathematics and Natural Philosophy, Moral Philosophy, Natural Science and Political Economy.

- (b.) For candidates of the ordinary M.A. degree:—
- Natural Science, Senior Natural Philosophy, Moral Philosophy.

The greater part of the subjects of the lectures will be the same as the subjects of examination for the B.A. and ordinary M.A. degrees.

Intending students and persons desirous of obtaining further information are requested to communicate with
A. LIVINGSTON, Secretary.

UNIVERSITY OF OTAGO.

Richardson Scholarship.

THE Competition for the Richardson Scholarship will take place in the first week of May.

The subjects for examination, with the marks showing the relative value attached to each, are the following:—

- English, 100; Arithmetic, 150; Geometry, Euclid Books I and II, 100; Algebra, 100; Latin 200; Greek, 100; Geography and History of England, from the Revolution to the Accession of Queen Victoria, 100; Natural Science, 100; French, 50.

Competitors must have attended for two years some Provincial School, and for one year the High School of Dunedin; and their age must not be over 18.

The Scholarship is tenable for three years, and the value is about £30 per annum.

The names of competitors must be sent in to the Secretary of University Council before 1st May.

SCHOLARSHIP FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF OTAGO.

THE undermentioned Scholarships will be open for competition to students for the ministry of the Presbyterian Church of Otago and Southland, at competitive examinations to be held in the Class Room of Knox Church, Dunedin, on the 30th day of April prox., 10 o'clock a.m.

1. *The Lang Scholarship*.—£20 per annum for two years; open to students who have already attended one year at any university. Subjects of examination, and marks for each:—

1. *Latin*.—Virgil, Georgics, Book I—100.
2. *Greek*.—Homer's Iliad, Book I—100.
3. *Mathematics*.—Euclid, Books I, II and III—75
4. *Algebra*.—Simple and Quadratic Equations—75
5. *English Literature and History*.—Reign of Queen Elizabeth—100.
6. *Roman History*.—Century preceding Christ's Advent—100.

Total marks—550.

2. *The Synod Scholarship*.—£30 per annum for three years; open to students who have not yet attended any university. Subjects of examination and marks for each:—

1. *Latin*.—Cicero, De Amicitia—100.
2. *Greek*.—Elements of Grammar—50.
3. *Mathematics*.—Euclid, Books I and II—100.
4. *Arithmetic*.—General—100.
5. *History*.—Period of George III—100.
6. *Bible Knowledge*.—General knowledge of Gospels—100.
7. *English Grammar and Analysis*—100.

Total marks—650.

Two-thirds at least of the total number of marks must be obtained to entitle any competitor to a Scholarship.

Further information may be obtained by application to the undersigned.—E. B. CARGILL, Convener of University Committee of Synod.

ANDERSON'S BAY Road Board.—Notice is hereby given that the Highway Rate of the above district for the year 1871-72 being now overdue, all rates unpaid after the 8th May, 1872, will be sued for in the usual way.—JAMES SAMUEL, Collector, Silvertown, Anderson's Bay, 1st May, 1872.

THE Precept for the collection of the Highway Rate in the Southbridge District being now issued, ratepayers are requested to pay the amount of their respective rates at my house on or before the 10th of May 1872.—JOHN FLEMING, Treasurer.

IMPOUNDED on the 17th April, 1872, by Mr. Walter Miller, Roxburgh, one yellow cow, G K C near rump, one dark brown cow, white back, G K C near rump, one white bull-calf, red neck, one red heifer. W D near rump, one yellow and white cow, F M off ribs, one yellow cow, W G off rump, one brindle and white steer calf and one yellow and white cow, J B conjoined off rump, one red and white heifer calf and one red yearling steer, blotch brand off rump, one yellow steer, C M off rump, one yellow and white steer, C M off rump, one red cow, white on top of tail, C M off rump, one red heifer calf, top on off ear, and one brown and white cow, no visible brands, one black and white cow, R M off rump, one red bull calf, white back, one red and white cow, J M off rump, one spotted steer calf, owners unknown, for trespassing on Run 94, for which 10s per head damages is claimed, and in de-

fault of being released, the above cattle will be sold at the public pound at Lawrence, on Friday, the 17th May, 1872, at 12 o'clock noon.—PETER ROBERTSON, poundkeeper of the Lawrence pound.

IMPOUNDED on the 22nd April, 1872, by order of Mr. M. Currie, one red steer, branded **Hf** conjoined off rump, one strawberry heifer, blotch near rump, one red heifer, like **OS** off rump, fork near ear, one red cow, blotch near side, **U** off rump, with calf at foot, owner unknown, for trespassing on wheat stacks, for which one shilling per head damages is claimed, and in default of being released, the above cattle will be sold at the public pound at Papakaio, on Friday, the 17th May, 1872, at 12 o'clock noon.—JAS. DALGLEISH, poundkeeper of the Papakaio pound.

IMPOUNDED on the 23rd April, 1872, by J. Black, for W. and J. Diack, Hawksbury, one white cow, red neck branded like **JH** conjoined near rump, one red and white steer, branded like **JH** conjoined off rump, cow supposed to belong to Mr. Menlove, for trespassing on English grass paddock, for which 4s each damages is claimed, and in default of being released, the above cattle will be sold at the public pound at Hawksbury, on Friday, the 17th May, 1872, at 12 o'clock noon.—ARCH. VALENTINE, poundkeeper of the Hawksbury pound.

WE, the Undersigned, trading under the Firm of "Louis and M'Kay," as Storekeepers, &c., Palmerston, have this day Dissolved Partnership. All debts owing to the said firm are to be paid to Mr. Oscar Louis, who will carry on the business and discharge the debts owing by the late firm.

OSCAR LOUIS.
WILLIAM M'KAY.

Witness—
W. CAENCROSS.
Dunedin, April 17th, 1872.

5s.

CITY OF DUNEDIN.

Election of Councillor for South Ward, in room of E. B. Cargill, Esq., resigned.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the nomination of candidates for election to the office of Councillor as above, will be declared at the Terrace of the Provincial Council Chambers, Water street, on Saturday, 4th May, at the hour of noon.

Nominations must be in form of Schedule D. of the "Otago Municipal Corporations Ordinance 1865," and be lodged at the Town Clerk's office, Manse street, where blank forms may be had, on or before noon of the day herein fixed for the declaration.

H. S. FISH, Junr., Mayor,

30th April, 1872.

7s

I, THE Undersigned Samuel Turner, hereby make application to register "The United M and E Water Race Company, Registered," under the provisions of "The Mining Companies' Limited Liability Act, 1865, and I do solemnly and sincerely declare that the following statement is, to the best of my belief and knowledge, true in every particular, namely:—

1. The name and style of the Company is United M and E Water Race Company, (Registered).
2. The place of operations is at St. Bathans.
3. The nominal Capital of the Company is £7600 in 152 Shares of £50 each.
4. The amount already paid up is £7600.
5. The name of the Manager is Samuel Turner.
6. The Office of the Company is at St. Bathans.
7. The names and several residences of the Shareholders, and the number of Shares held by each at this date, are as follows:—

Samuel Turner, St Bathans, ...	16 shares
John O'Regan, do ...	16 "
John Ewing, do ...	16 "
William Pyle, do ...	16 "
Andrew Tierney, do ...	8 "
Edmund Purton, do ...	8 "
James Stewart, do ...	8 "
Patrick Vienny, do ...	8 "
Moses Hanrahan do ...	8 "
Crosthwaite Dobson, Cumberland, ...	16 "
James Smith, Glasgow, ...	16 "
Frederick Dunning, Dunedin, ...	8 "
John Huthnance, Kapunda, ...	8 "

Dated this 23rd day of April, 1872.

SAMUEL TURNER, Manager.

Witness to signature,
H. W. Robinson, Justice of the Peace. 17/6

CORPORATION OF CLYDE.

STATUTORY STATEMENT of estimated Rents, Profits, Receipts, and Expenditure for the Year ending 1st August, 1873.

Dr.		
To General rates ...	...	£100 0 0
" Water rates ...	...	100 0 0
" Rents... ..	...	60 0 0
" Uncollected assets ...	...	295 9 3
" Cash in hand ...	...	3 19 6
" Deficiency ...	...	500 0 0
		£1059 8 6
Cr.		
By Salaries ...	...	£67 2 0
" Commission (Collector) ...	...	10 0 0
" Assessors and Auditors ...	...	8 8 0
" Maintenance of streets and water supply ...	...	80 0 0
" Printing and Advertising... ..	...	20 0 0
" Fuel and light and sundries ...	...	30 0 0
" Maintenance Town Hall, &c. ...	...	25 0 0
" Public Works ...	...	600 0 0
" Clyde Public School ...	...	50 0 0
" Outstanding accounts ...	...	30 0 0
" Contingencies ...	...	138 18 6
		£1059 8 6

GEORGE FACHE, Town Clerk.

Clyde Council Chambers,
April 21st, 1872. 10s6d

STATUTORY STATEMENT of estimated Rents, Profits, and Receipts, and proposed Expenditure for the ensuing Year.

Dr.		Estimated Revenue.	
" Balance in Bank ...	...	£54 1 0	
" Rates uncollected ...	...	47 16 0	
" Subsidy due by Provincial Government for 1871-72 ...	...	58 18 0	
" Subsidy by Provincial Government for 1872-73 ...	...	60 0 0	
" Rent for Aparima Ferry ...	...	12 0 0	
" " Reserves ...	...	10 0 0	
" Deficiency ...	...	100 0 0	
		£342 15 0	
Cr.		Estimated Expenditure.	
" Salaries ...	...	£25 0 0	
" Day labor and maintenance ...	...	92 0 0	
" Work to be contracted for... ..	...	130 0 0	
" Drainage ...	...	50 0 0	
" Contingencies ...	...	45 15 0	
		£342 15 0	

PETER GRANT, Town Clerk.

Riverton, 20th April, 1872.