



THE COUNTY OF WESTLAND GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

HOKITIKA, FRIDAY, JULY 24, 1868.

Extracted from the *New Zealand Gazette* of the 29th June, 1868. No. 35.

G. F. BOWEN, GOVERNOR.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, the twenty-fifth day of June, 1868.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN
COUNCIL.

WHEREAS, by an Act of the General Assembly of New Zealand, intituled "The Diseased Cattle Act, 1861," it is enacted that if at any time it shall be made to appear to the Governor that any infectious or contagious disease has broken out amongst Cattle in any district of the Colony, it shall be lawful for the Governor, by Order in Council, to declare that such district is infected within the meaning of the said Act, and from time to time to make such regulations for destroying diseased cattle therein, and for prohibiting the removal or transportation of cattle from one part of the Colony to another, and for preventing the further spread of such disease as to him shall seem fit. And whereas, it has been made to appear to the said Governor that the infectious disease called pleuro-pneumonia has broken out amongst cattle in that portion of the Province of Canterbury hereinafter described:

Now, therefore, His Excellency Sir George Ferguson Bowen, G.C.M.G., in exercise of the power and authority so vested in him as Governor aforesaid doth by this Order in Council, declare the said portion hereinafter described of the Province of Canterbury to be an infected district within the meaning of the said Act, that is to say, all that portion of the Province of Canterbury north and east of the line described as

follows, namely—commencing at the junction of the Waimakariri River with the sea; thence following the left or north bank of that river, not including the Kaiapoi Island, to the junction of the Poulter branch; thence up the left bank of the Poulter to its source; and thence in a direct line to the summit of the Teremakau saddle. And the said Governor also doth hereby make the following regulations for the destruction of diseased cattle, and for prohibiting the removal and transportation of cattle from the said infected district into the County of Westland:—

1. If any person shall import, drive, or remove, or cause to be imported, driven, or removed, or assist in driving, or removing any cattle from the said infected district into the County of Westland, such persons shall be liable to a penalty of fifty pounds for every head of cattle so imported, driven or removed.
2. It shall be lawful for any inspector of cattle or police constable to destroy, or cause to be destroyed, any diseased cattle, which shall pass into the said County of Westland from the said district, contrary to these regulations.
3. If any person shall wilfully impede or obstruct any inspector, or any police constable acting under the authority of these regulations, every person so offending shall be liable to a penalty of fifty pounds.
4. These regulations shall take effect from and after the date of publication in the *New Zealand Gazette*.

FORSTER GORING,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

ERRATUM.—In the *County of Westland Gazette*, No. 10, page 49, in Clause 4. of the Schedule of Rates to be charged on Vessels, for "eighteen pence," read "eight pence."

Extracted from the *New Zealand Gazette* of the 4th July, 1868, No. 37.

G. F. BOWEN, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, the first day of July, 1868.

Present :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by the County of Westland Act, 1867," it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council to constitute and define road districts in the County of Westland, and such districts from time to time to alter or abolish, and to provide for the constitution of Boards for the management of the business of such districts, and from time to time to make regulations for the election of such Boards, and for defining the number of members thereof. And whereas by an Order in Council bearing date the eighth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, His Excellency the Governor, in exercise of the power vested in him by the said Act, did, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the Colony, constitute and define the districts therein described, and provide for the constitution of Boards for the management of the business of such districts, and did make the regulations therein contained for the election of such Boards and for defining the number of members thereof.

And whereas it is expedient to alter the boundaries of the Arahura Road District and the Totara Road District, and to constitute and define the Kanieri Road District in manner hereinafter appearing: Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor, in exercise of the power vested in him by the said Act, doth hereby, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the Colony, alter the Arahura Road District and the Totara Road District, so that the boundaries thereof respectively shall be the boundaries defined in the Schedule hereto as the boundaries of the districts aforesaid; and His Excellency the Governor, in further exercise of the power aforesaid, with the like advice and consent, doth hereby constitute and define the Kanieri Road District as the boundaries thereof are described in the said Schedule hereto, and doth order and declare that

CHARLES COCKBURN SCHAW, Esquire, shall be the Returning Officer for the election of members for the Kanieri Road District aforesaid.

That the persons named as Returning Officers for the Arahura Road District and the Totara Road District respectively, in the said Order in Council of the eighth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, shall remain and be Returning Officers for the election of members for the Arahura Road District and the Totara Road District respectively, as the same are altered and defined by this present Order in Council; and that the provisions for the constitution of Boards and all other the provisions not inconsistent herewith of the said Order in

Council of the eighth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, shall extend and be applicable to the road districts defined in the Schedule hereto as the Arahura Road District, the Totara Road District, and the Kanieri Road District, as if those districts were named, constituted, and defined in the said Order in Council.

SCHEDULE.

Arahura Road District.

Commencing at the mouth of the Tere-makau River; thence following up that river to its sources; thence southerly along the dividing range to the sources of the Arahura River; thence following down the southern bank of that river to the sea coast; and northwards along the coast to the commencing point.

Totara Road District.

Bounded on the West by the sea coast; on the South by the Wanganui River; on the East by the dividing range; and on the North by the southern boundary of the Kanieri District hereinafter defined.

Kanieri Road District.

Commencing at the mouth of the Arahura River; thence following up that river to its source; thence southerly along the dividing range to the source of the Kokatahi; thence down the southern bank of that river to its junction with the Hokitika River; thence southerly up the western bank of the Hokitika River to line Ho; thence westerly down line Ho to Mahinapua Lake, and by a line touching the northern bank of the said lake to the sea coast; and northerly along the coast to the commencing point, excepting the town of Hokitika.

FORSTER GORING,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

PUBLIC NOTICE.—On and after Monday, 6th July, 1868, the Deeds Registry Office and Stamp Office for Westland will be in Sewell-street, in the building at the rear of the Supreme Court House and County Secretary's Office, and adjoining the new Resident Magistrate's Court House.

ROBERT ABBOTT,

Registrar of Deeds, and

Deputy Commissioner of Stamps.

Hokitika, 4th July, 1868.

BY virtue of the powers in me vested, I, EDWARD CLARKE, Esquire, Judge of the District Court of the County of Westland, do hereby appoint

WILLIAM REEVE HASELDEN, Esquire, a deputy to act for the Clerk, at Hokitika, of the said Court, during the absence of the said Clerk on leave.

EDWARD CLARKE, J.

Dated at Hokitika, in the said County, this sixth day of July, A.D. 1868.

Hokitika, 1st July, 1868.

THE following tender of Mr William Gawne has been accepted for the supply of Rations to the County Gaol, Hokitika, during the quarter ending 30th September, 1868:—

- No. 1. Ration, Male, 11d per Ration.
- No. 1. " Female, 7½d "
- No. 2. " Male, 8d "
- No. 2. " Female, 6¾d "
- No. 3. " 4½d "
- No. 4. " 7½d "
- No. 5. " 9d "

Tobacco, 5s per lb; Kerosene, 3s 3d per gallon; Colza oil, 8s per gallon; Candles, 1s 7d per lb; Arrowroot, 1s 2d per lb; Sago, 8d per lb; Rice, 4½d per lb; Sugar, 6d per lb; Tea, 3s per lb; Butter, 1s 4d per lb; Mustard, 1s 4d per lb; Brandy, 5s per bottle; Gin, 4s 3d per bottle; Port wine, 3s 3d per bottle; Sherry, 3s 3d per bottle; Porter, 15s per doz; Washing soda, 2½d per lb; Whiting, 2d per lb.

G. S. SALE, County Secretary.

County Gaol,

Hokitika, 1st July, 1868.

The Chairman of the County Council.

SIR,—In compliance with the 22nd clause of the Hokitika Prison Regulations, I have the honor to forward my report on the state of this gaol, and the conduct of the prisoners for the half-year ending 30th June, 1868.

The year 1867 closed with a total of 64 (57 males and 7 females), and although the total closing this half-year shows only an increase of three yet the totals have fluctuated considerably, and will best be seen by my giving the

Maximum for the half-year	83.
Minimum	58.
Average	69.

For your information I subjoin the following return, shewing the number of prisoners received during the period for which this report is written, their nationality, the state of their education, and religion, dividing the latter into Protestants and Roman Catholics.

Cause of Imprisonment.	Nationality.						Education.				Religion.															
	England.		Ireland.		Scotland.	Foreign States.	The Colony.	Other British Colonies.	Superior Education.	Read and Write.	Read only.	Cannot Read or Write.	Protestants.	Roman Catholics.	Jews.											
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.										
Felony.....	8	0	3	0	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	13	0	2	0	0	0	12	0	4	0	0	0	
Indictable Misdemeanour	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	
Summary Conviction.....	14	1	19	7	8	1	5	1	0	0	2	4	2	0	38	13	3	1	5	0	29	6	19	8	0	0
Debt	6	1	12	0	5	1	7	0	0	1	0	0	6	0	23	3	1	0	0	0	19	2	10	1	1	0
Totals	31	2	35	8	15	2	15	1	0	1	2	4	10	0	76	17	6	1	6	0	62	8	35	10	1	0

There have been the following number of discharges for the half-year:—

- Debtors: 40 male, 4 female44
- Prisoners: 53 male, 16 female.....69

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The debtors (inclusive of those remaining in gaol from last year) have been imprisoned for the aggregate sum of £1,678 10s., and the total amount of maintenance money received for them from their respective creditors is £99 16s, which sum has been paid over to the County Paymaster in regular monthly payments, with the exception of £10 11s, still in hand. Of the number of debtors discharged, eighteen have satisfied their claimants, amounting to £454 8s 10d; twenty-six have either completed their sentences, or have been discharged for non-payment of maintenance money, shewing unsatisfied debts of £962 17s 10d. The

remaining number (5) of debtors still in gaol represent a debt of £261 3s 4d. I may here remark that although the "Amended Debtors and Creditors Act, 1867," enforces the high rate of 12s maintenance weekly, in the place of 5s, as formerly, yet it has not the effect of deterring creditors from endeavouring to enforce the payment of debts by the imprisonment of their debtors, which one would suppose. On the contrary, I find upon reference, that the highest number of debtors confined at any one time under the lower rate to be only seven, whilst under the higher rate sixteen is the highest number; or taking the averages of various quarters, the quarter preceding the increase in the maintenance rate gives a daily average of 6½; the first quarter under the increased rate, nearly ten; the quarter ending 31st March, nearly nine; and the quarter ending 30th June, 7¼.

The prisoners have been chiefly engaged in clearing a portion of the Gaol Reserve (about nine acres), making it more impracticable for prisoners attempting to escape; but much yet remains to be done in the way of levelling and fencing the ground. During a portion of the half-year two saw-pits have been worked by an average of at least six prisoners, and the Gaoler's residence, now near completion, has been built with the timber thus cut; and there has been but certain necessary free labour used even in the erection of the building, such as bricklayers for the chimnies, and a foreman at the carpenters' work: all else in connection with it has been done by prison labour. The boots used are made and repaired here; the tailoring and repairs, and all such like work, is done by the prisoners; whilst the female prisoners are worked at washing the male prisoners' clothing, as also their own, together with repairing the lighter articles of clothing. Since the 18th June, the greater portion of the labour gang has been engaged in Weld Street, where their work shews an amount of industry which I cannot pass over without making a few remarks relative to the difficulties attending the released prisoner. I would suggest that, as the labors of the gang will be for the benefit of the inhabitants of Hokitika, the Corporation should be asked to vote a sum of money (to be expended in such a manner as may hereafter be determined) for the purpose of enabling prisoners released either to buy tools or to obtain a passage to a port where they are unknown; for it is difficult to suppose a prisoner just liberated to be able to go into a small town like Hokitika and procure employment, where nearly every one knows his crime, and when, perhaps, (and in most instances it is so), he has not a sixpence in his pocket wherewith to obtain his first meal or bed. In such a case he is (under the present system) as it were forced back into paths of crime, rather than guided into those of rectitude, and the chances are that he is returned to the gaol in a short period for some other crime, or under the Vagrant Act; and this because there is no fund at my disposal to reward such industry as may be seen on a visit to Weld Street, which industry is the rule and seldom the exception observable amongst most prisoners. I am inclined to think that many re-committals are owing to the absence of funds to enable prisoners to commence work when first discharged from gaol.

The health of the prisoners has been good, the chief complaint being rheumatism. During the half-year there have been two male prisoners forwarded to the hospital; one returned restored to health, the other died there on the 7th ult. Both suffered from complaints contracted prior to their being received into gaol.

The conduct of the prisoners has been very good, as I find upon reference to the defaulter's book that the delinquents are re-

stricted to the number of 23; there having been only that number of cases of bad conduct disposed of by the Visiting Justices and myself. One has been punished five times; one, four times; two, three times; and six once.

The conduct of prisoner Chamberlain has been notoriously bad, but under the separate treatment, together with the various sentences of solitary confinement he has had, he is beginning to learn that whilst a prisoner he must conform to prison discipline, and it is my impression that his last punishment of one month's solitary confinement will have the effect of altogether silencing his unruly and disrespectful tongue. During the half-year the Visiting Justices ordered the heavy irons of prisoners Chamberlain and Huskisson to be replaced by lighter ones; and those of prisoners Bray and Bolland, to be struck off. These orders were immediately attended to.

Divine service is regularly held every Thursday evening by the Ven. Archdeacon Harper, and occasionally Roman Catholic service is also held.

The following is the routine of gaol life here, the hours of course varying with the seasons:—Rouse bell, at 6.15; unlocking and washing, 6.30; prayers, 7; breakfast, 7.15; muster for labour, 7.50; dinner, 12; muster for labor, 12.50; return from labour, 4; supper, 4.15; prayers, 4.30; lock-up, 4.45: silence bell, 8, when perfect silence must be observed. Grace is said before and after all meals.

For your information I annex returns: one, shewing the expenditure of this department, the other, the state of the gaol on the 30th June, 1868.

In concluding this, my first report, I desire to bear testimony to the conduct of the very diligent body of warders under my charge, whose arduous and monotonous duties have been discharged conscientiously and without harshness; they have earned credit for themselves and they have conferred a pleasure on me in enabling me to mention it.

I have the honor to be, sir,
Your obedient servant,
M. M. CLEARY,
Gaoler.

Return shewing the expenditure in the County Gaol, Hokitika, for the half-year ending 30th June, 1868:—

Particulars.	Amount Expended.		
Salaries and Wages	1,185	2	8
Departmental Contingencies ...	824	1	4
Total.....£	2,010	4	0

STATE OF H.M. GAOL, HOKITIKA,

During Month of June, 1868.

	For Trial.			Under Sentence Supreme Courts			Undersentence of Magistrate Court.		Detained.			Total.												
	Supreme Court.	District Court.	Remand.	Penal Servitude.	Hard Labour.	Imp: isonment	Hard Labour.	Imprisonment	Debtors.	Default of Fine.	Default of Bail.		Confined.											
														M.F.	M.F.	M.F.	M.F.	M.F.	M.F.	M.F.	M.F.	M.F.	M.F.	
Strength on 31st May, 1868...	0	0	2	0	0	0	9	0	29	1	0	0	17	3	0	0	8	0	0	0	1	2	66	6
Since Admitted	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	7	3
Total	0	0	3	0	0	0	9	0	29	1	0	0	21	6	0	0	10	0	0	0	1	2	73	9
Discharged	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	*5	3	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	12	3
Total on 30th June, 1868.....	0	0	3	0	0	0	9	0	27	1	0	0	16	3	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	61	6

* One of this number died at the Hospital on the 7th instant.

M. M. CLEARY, GAOLER.

Hokitika, 8th July, 1868.

PURSUANT to the Provisions of the "Auctioneers' Ordinance, Session III, No. 3," I hereby give notice that the under-mentioned persons have taken out Auctioneers' Licenses for the term ending 30th June, 1869:—

George William Binney, of Hokitika.
 Jeremiah Jones, of Hokitika.
 Mark Sprot, of Hokitika.
 John Randal Carey, of Hokitika.
 Richard Reeves, of Hokitika
 Donald Maclean, of Greymouth.

GEORGE WINTER,
 County Paymaster.

HOKITIKA TOWN LANDS.

ALL Persons who are desirous of purchasing Sections in Hokitika at the fixed price, must complete such purchase at the Sitting of the Waste Lands Board on the 4th August next.

G. S. SALE,
 Chief Commissioner of the
 Waste Lands Boards.

Hokitika, July 15, 1868.

To the Directors and Shareholders of the
 "Morning Star Gold Mining Company,
 Registered."

GENTLEMEN—I have the honour to submit to you a Report and Balance Sheet, ending the 15th July, and trust you will find the same satisfactory.

The Mine has now been opened 13 months, but the actual workings have not exceeded seven, as during that period operations were suspended for six months—caused mainly by the bursting of Jones's Creek into the flat, and flooding the claims, and partly by the breaking of the engine-shaft. Nine weeks were spent in pumping out the water, which, with the extra expense incurred by the breakage of the machinery, caused an outlay of £700. The area of ground that has been worked is 7,255 square yards, or 1½ acres, yielding a total of 2,841 ounces of gold; thus shewing the average yield to be 15 ozs. 15 dwts. daily.

The portion of the Mine above the shaft is worked out on the present level, and 900 feet of main drives have been put in on the lower side, enabling nine faces to be worked, some of which have commenced blocking out; and on the arrival of extra trucks—shortly expected from Victoria—more faces will be opened.

The Machinery is in excellent working order; the recent alterations in the pumping gear, and the delivery of the water at 40 feet lower level, have been a decided improvement, as the pump now throws nearly

double the quantity of water with less power employed than formerly. The cost of alterations has been about £123.

I have latterly experienced much trouble in procuring sufficient firewood for the requirements of the engine. And I would strongly recommend you to purchase a two-horse team for the purpose of carting firewood, as there is a great difficulty in getting a stock on hand. And, likewise, to erect a shed to stack firewood in, so that in wet weather a supply of dry wood could always be had.

The Mine is in good working order, and as the main drives are completed the ground will be worked to a greater advantage; and I have much pleasure in congratulating you on the prosperous state of the Company, and the marked improvement in affairs since the last half-yearly meeting in December last, at

which time liabilities existed to the amount of £1,032 12s. 5d. The Mine was then flooded, and an expenditure of £670 has been expended in pumping out the water, repairs and alterations of machinery; that liability has been paid, and dividends to the amount of £600 divided, and a balance of £500 16s. 9d. now lies at the Bank to the credit of the Company. Shewing that even under adverse circumstances the Mine has yielded £2,803 8s. 2d. over working expenses. There still about six months' work on the second level that can be worked from the present chamber, and some of the ground will be very rich.

I have the honour to be,
Gentlemen,
Your most obedient servant,
HENRY A. GORDON,
Manager and Engineer.

BALANCE SHEET OF THE "MORNING STAR" GOLD MINING COMPANY,
15TH JULY, 1868.

Dr.				£ s. d.		£ s. d.	
To Capital	4,000	0	0	
" 2,840 ozs. 18 dwts. 12 grs. Gold Dust	10,786	8	4	
" Cash (Drainage, &c.)	27	14	4	
							14,814 2 8
							£14,814 2 8
		RECEIPTS.					
To Capital Called Up	3,710	5	0	
" 2,840 ozs. 18 dwts. 12 grs. Gold Dust	10,786	8	4	
" Cash (Drainage, &c.)	27	14	4	
							14,524 7 8
							£14,524 6 8
Cr.				£ s. d.		£ s. d.	
By Expenditure	13,423	10	11	
" Dividends	600	0	0	
" Capital not called up...	289	15	0	
" Balance, Cash in Union Bank of Australia	500	16	9	
							14,814 2 8
							£14,814 2 8
		EXPENDITURE.					
By Machinery and Plant	4,076	0	9	
" Driving Timber	1,176	2	9	
" Sawn Timber	35	4	0	
" Firewood	956	5	11	
" Chandlery	192	8	7	
" Tools	70	2	4	
" Water	166	10	0	
" Charges	159	1	9	
" Petty Cash	81	9	6	
" Printing and Stationery	19	7	0	
" Interest	11	7	0	
" Donations	30	0	0	
" Wages	6,449	11	4	
							13,423 10 11
" Dividends	600	0	0	
" Balance, Cash in Union Bank of Australia				14,023 10 11
							500 16 0
							£14,524 7 8

This is to certify that we have examined the accounts and found the same correct.

J. F. MADDOCK, }
COLIN CAMPBELL, } Auditors.

RESULTS OF METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS,

Deduced from Daily Registers kept at Hokitika during the Six Months from
1st January to 30 June, 1868.

HOKITIKA STATION.

Height above Sea 12 feet 4 inches.
Distance from Sea $\frac{1}{4}$ mile.

		Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	Mean.
Barometer.	Mean - - - - -	29·921	29·834	30·005	29·931	30·066	29·950	29·951
	Maximum - - - - -	30·345	30·283	30·363	30·369	30·471	30·374	30·367
	Minimum - - - - -	29·290	29·063	29·583	29·579	29·377	29·341	29·372
	Extreme Range - - - - -	1·055	1·220	0·780	0·790	1·094	1·033	0·995
Temperature in Shade.	Mean of Maximum - - - - -	62·6	62·6	60·4	58·4	55·3	51·6	58·5
	Mean of Minimum - - - - -	52·5	50·9	49·7	46·6	41·7	38·8	46·7
	Mean - - - - -	57·5	56·7	55·0	52·5	48·4	45·2	52·5
	Mean Daily Range - - - - -	10·1	11·7	10·7	11·8	13·6	12·8	11·8
	Extreme Maximum - - - - -	66·6	68·1	64·1	64·6	59·8	55·5	63·1
	Extreme Minimum - - - - -	41·9	43·1	39·7	36·4	32·2	28·5	37·0
Extreme Range - - - - -	24·7	25·0	24·4	28·2	27·6	27·0	26·1	
Exposed Thermometer.	Mean Solar Radiation - - - - -	83·9	83·7	79·2	74·7	66·9	59·9	74·7
	Maximum Solar Radiation - - - - -	90·2	93·5	91·2	81·0	72·0	71·0	83·1
	Mean Terrestrial Radiation - - - - -	48·1	46·2	44·5	41·5	36·1	34·1	41·7
	Minimum Terrestrial Radiation - - - - -	41·0	36·5	33·2	29·9	27·0	22·3	31·6
	Daily Range - - - - -	35·8	37·5	24·7	33·2	30·8	25·8	33·0
Hygrometrical.	Mean Elastic Force of Vapour - - - - -	0·440	0·427	0·409]	0·377	0·318	0·275	37·4
	Mean Temperature of Dew Point - - - - -	55·5	54·8	53·4	51·1	46·5	42·8	50·7
	Mean Degree of Moisture - - - - -	92·8	93·0	94·4	95·6	93·7	91·4	93·5
Rain.	Total Rainfall - - - - -	13·26	9·50	6·79	8·97	6·93	10·44	9·31
	No. of Days on which it fell - - - - -	19	16	16	20	15	15	16·8
	Maximum Rainfall in 24 hours - - - - -	2·88	1·87	1·87	1·87	1·38	4·02	2·31
WIND.—Mean of No. of miles travelled in 24 hours		171·9	147·7	143·2	143·6	123·1	145·6	145·8
Mean of Evaporation - - - - -		0·096	0·07	0·06	0·04	0·02	0·02	0·05
Mean Amount of Cloud. 10=overcast. - - -		6·8	6·8	6·7	6·3	6·3	5·4	6·4

N.B.—These Observations have been taken at 9·30 a.m.

JAMES ROCHFORD,

Hokitika, July 1st, 1868.

Observer.

ELECTION NOTICE.

KANIERI ROAD DISTRICT.

IN PURSUANCE of the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of New Zealand, intituled "The County of Westland Act, 1867," I, Charles Cockburn Schaw, Returning Officer for the Road District of Kanieri, do hereby give notice that an Election will be held for the return of five qualified persons to serve as Members of the Road Board for the said District, and that the Nomination of Candidates will take place at the Warden's Court, Kanieri, on

Saturday, the 25th July, 1868, at 12 o'clock noon, and that the Poll (if necessary) will be taken on Thursday, the 30th July, 1868.

C. C. SCHAW,
Returning Officer.

Dated this 18th day of July, 1868.

The following places are polling places for the Kanieri Road District:—

Warden's Court—Kanieri.

Castle's Store—Blue Spur Township.

Tramway Terminus Store—Big Paddock.

Mitchell's Store—Woodstock.

Tramway Terminus Store—Arahura.

Dated this 18th day of July, 1868.